

${\it CITY~OF~LEBANON, NEW~HAMPSHIRE}$

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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PLODZIK & SANDERSON

Professional Association/Accountants & Auditors

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the City Council City of Lebanon Lebanon, New Hampshire

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lebanon as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lebanon, as of December 31, 2018, the respective changes in financial position, the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, and where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2-D to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2018 the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

City of Lebanon Independent Auditor's Report

Other Matters

Management's Discussion and Analysis – Management has omitted a Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Required Supplementary Information – Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the following be presented to supplement the basic financial statements:

- Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability,
- Schedule of City Contributions Pensions,
- Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability,
- Schedule of City Contributions Other Postemployment Benefits,
- Schedule of Changes in the City's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios, and
- Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information — Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lebanon's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Lebanon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Lebanon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 10, 2020

PLOVZIK & SANDERSON Professional Association

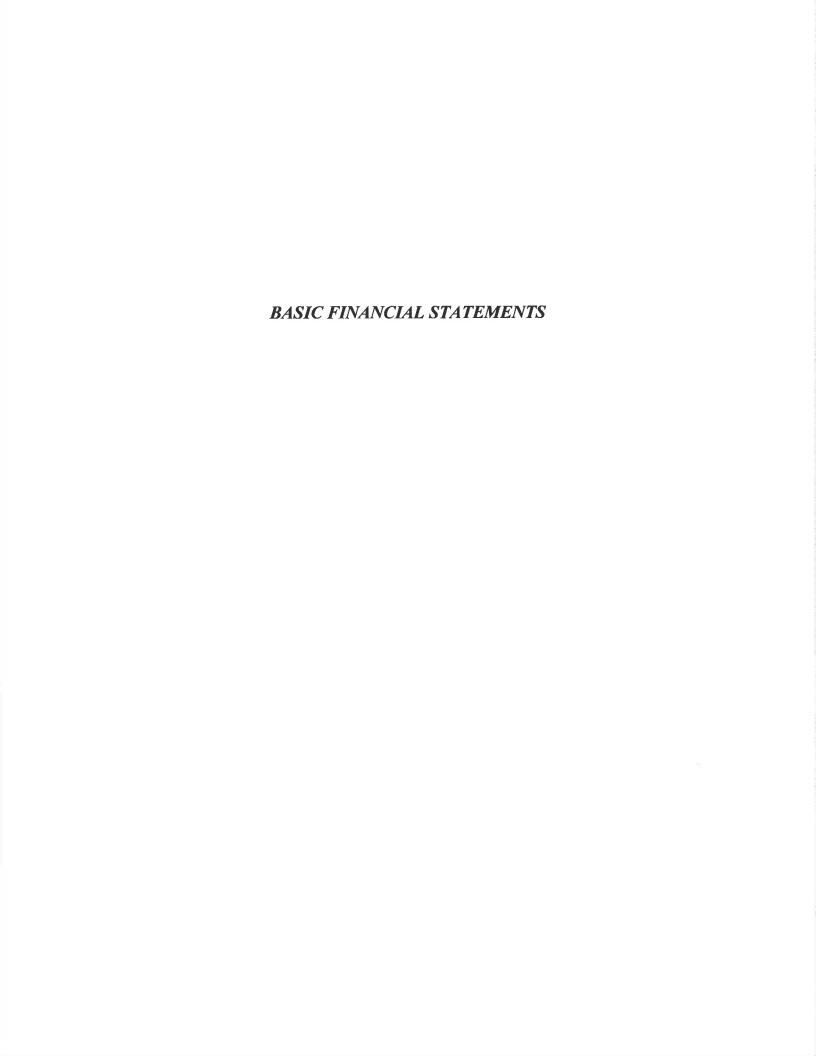


EXHIBIT A CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,815,854	\$ 12,156,364	\$ 40,972,218
Investments	1,677,323	8,572,115	10,249,438
Taxes receivables (net)	1,287,236	(22)	1,287,236
Account receivables (net)	460,986	861,409	1,322,395
Intergovernmental receivable	2,770,157	4,450,821	7,220,978
Internal balances	827,791	(827,791)	-
Prepaid items	291,763	437,738	729,501
Tax deeded property, subject to resale	46,322	25	46,322
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	15,891,919	17,588,444	33,480,363
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	71,232,565	80,403,540	151,636,105
Total assets	123,301,916	123,642,640	246,944,556
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Amounts related to pensions	2,831,401	262,281	3,093,682
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	260,591	24,140	284,731
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,091,992	286,421	3,378,413
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	1,196,755	377,305	1,574,060
Accrued salaries and benefits	42,045	-	42,045
Retainage payable	390,946	579,095	970,041
Contracts payable	546,190	908,080	1,454,270
Accrued interest payable	445,966	393,561	839,527
Intergovernmental payable	17,552,890	5,159,960	22,712,850
Escrow and performance deposits	72,701	9,400	82,101
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	3,004,517	1,861,213	4,865,730
Due in more than one year	51,442,343	47,666,210	99,108,553
Total liabilities	74,694,353	56,954,824	131,649,177
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - Property taxes	18,648	90	18,648
Unavailable revenue - Grants received in advance	246,857	343	246,857
Debt forgiveness	1,421,280	2,449,338	3,870,618
Deferred revenue	1 m	9,320	9,320
Amounts related to pensions	1,714,188	158,789	1,872,977
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	76.053	12,798	88,851
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,477,026	2,630,245	6,107,271
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	59,804,338	59,973,053	119,777,391
Restricted	1.552,879	4,045,123	5,598,002
Unrestricted	(13,134,688)	325,816	(12,808,872)
Total net position	\$ 48,222,529	\$ 64,343,992	\$ 112,566,521

EXHIBIT B CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Charges		ram Revenues Operating	C	apital) Revenue and Net Position	
		for		Grants and		nts and	Governmental	Business-type	
	Expenses	Services		ontributions		ributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:	*	-	e xi		-		-		-
General government	\$ 6,513,934	\$ 147,201	\$	77,989	\$	300	\$ (6,288,744)	\$ -	\$ (6,288,744)
Public safety	12,947,960	1,649,654		446,682		: : (0)	(10,851,624)	*	(10,851,624)
Highways and streets	5,914,489	6,209		482,376		(4)	(5,425,904)	£	(5,425,904)
Welfare	461,481			25,701		5 4 9	(435,780)	₩.	(435,780)
Culture and recreation	2,953,865	331,862		117,200		(a)	(2,504,803)	#	(2,504,803)
Conservation	28,414	-		6,111		343	(22,303)	₩	(22,303)
Interest on long-term debt	991,132	*		2		-	(991,132)	¥	(991,132)
Capital outlay	2	545		168,663		480,846	649,509	<u>=</u>	649,509
Total governmental activities	29,811,275	2,134,926		1,324,722		480,846	(25,870,781)		(25,870,781)
Business-type activities:									
Sewage collection and disposal	4,333,046	5,681,442		283,912			ž	1,632,308	1,632,308
Solid waste disposal	2,692,636	3,392,968		-5		()	5	700,332	700,332
Water treatment and distribution	2,224,205	3,180,786		71,127		3.77	5	1,027,708	1,027,708
Municipal airport	1,837,250	552,240		234,295		200		(1,050,715)	(1,050,715)
Total business-type activities	11,087,137	12,807,436		589,334	:	780	=	2,309,633	2,309,633
Total	\$ 40,898,412	\$ 14,942,362	\$	1,914,056	\$	480,846	(25,870,781)	2,309,633	(23,561,148)
	ral revenues:								
Tax P	roperty						20,495,506	-	20,495,506
	Other						1,928,877	_	1,928,877
-	tor vehicle permit fee	es.					2,677,997	2	2,677,997
	enses and other fees	,,,					596,134		596,134
	ents and contributions	not restricted to si	necific n	rograms			704,751	<u> </u>	704,751
	restricted investment		poetitio p	. 06			182,942	207,308	390,250
	scellaneous						597,077	597,935	1,195,012
	Total general revenu	ies					27,183,284	805,243	27,988,527
Contr	ibutions to permanen						9,000		9,000
	(Loss) on sale of proj						=	183,933	183,933
Trans							697,423	(697,423)	달
	Total general revenu	es, contributions,	and trans	fers			27,889,707	291,753	28,181,460
Chan	ge in net position						2,018,926	2,601,386	4,620,312
	osition, beginning, as	restated (see Note	22)				46,203,603	61,742,606	107,946,209
	osition, ending	-					\$ 48,222,529	\$ 64,343,992	\$ 112,566,521

EXHIBIT C-1 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

	s	General	Capital Improvements		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmenta Funds	
ASSETS	Φ	04.040.010	Φ	004 (07	ф	1 170 722	ø	20.072.420
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,069,010	\$	824,687	\$	1,178,732	\$	28,072,429
Investments		-		:-		1,358,702		1,358,702
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible:		1 527 226						1,537,236
Taxes		1,537,236				11,342		440,304
Accounts		428,962		2,600,600		11,342		2,600,600
Intergovernmental receivable		878,930		2,000,000		4,903		883,833
Interfund receivable						4,903		33,150
Voluntary tax liens		33,150		. 		•		(33,150)
Voluntary tax liens reserved until collected		(33,150)		্র		#:		347,510
Prepaid items		347,510		:=		≅:		46,322
Tax deeded property, subject to resale Restricted assets:		46,322		;==				
Cash and cash equivalents		743,425		#		*		743,425
Investments		318,621		=		#		318,621
Accounts receivable	_	20,682			_	2	,	20,682
Total assets	\$	30,390,698	\$	3,425,287	\$	2,553,679	\$	36,369,664
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,195,915	\$	=	\$	840	\$	1,196,755
Accrued salaries and benefits		42,045		Α.		2		42,045
Retainage payable		9		390,946		€		390,946
Contracts payable		=		546,190				546,190
Intergovernmental payable		14,204,415		3,348,475		77		17,552,890
Interfund payable		×		;;;		56,042		56,042
Escrow and performance deposits	_	72,701						72,701
Total liabilities	_	15,515,076		4,285,611	_	56,882	-	19,857,569
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		101.006						401 207
Unavailable revenue - Property taxes		421,396		*		**		421,396
Unavailable revenue - Grants received in advance Total deferred inflows of resources	_	246,857	_		_	*	-	246,857 668,253
	_	000,233			_		_	000,233
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		202 922				1,363,052		1,756,884
Nonspendable		393,832						
Restricted		25,000 382,520		i =		189,827 943,146		214,827 1,325,666
Committed						772		1,883,909
Assigned		1,883,137		(860,324)		112 an		1,863,909
Unassigned (deficit) Total fund balances (deficit)		11,522,880	_	(860,324)		2,496,797		15,843,842
	-	14,207,309	-	(000,324)		۷,٩٦٥,١٦١	-	17,077,072
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	_\$_	30,390,698	\$	3,425,287	\$	2,553,679	\$	36,369,664

EXHIBIT C-2

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-1)		\$ 15,843,842
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 124,585,947 (37,461,463)	87,124,484
Prepaid debt is not recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds in the current period, but reduces the outstanding debt in the Statement of Net Position.		(55,747)
Pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 2,831,401 (1,714,188) 260,591 (76,053)	1,301,751
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. Receivables Payables	\$ (56,042) 56,042	1,301,731
Long-term revenue (taxes) is not available to pay current-period expenditures, and therefore, is deferred in the governmental funds.		402,748
Allowance for uncollectible property taxes that is recognized on a full accrual basis, but not on the modified accrual basis.		(250,000)
Long-term assets (State aid receivable) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		169,557
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds. Accrued interest payable		(445,966)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds Unamortized bond premium Capital leases Compensated absences Net pension liability Other postemployment benefits	\$ 25,969,201 2,475,702 296,523 1,613,894 21,961,365 3,551,455	(55,868,140)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)		\$ 48,222,529

EXHIBIT C-3 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General	Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		A	A 10.504	A 22 462 602
Taxes	\$ 22,444,099	\$ -	\$ 18,594	\$ 22,462,693
Licenses and permits	3,274,131	100.005	<u>=</u>	3,274,131
Intergovernmental	2,006,863	100,297	505.022	2,107,160
Charges for services	1,547,893		587,033	2,134,926
Miscellaneous	984,590	68,366	53,015	1,105,971
Total revenues	30,257,576	168,663	658,642	31,084,881
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	6,370,363	<u> </u>	8,315	6,378,678
Public safety	11,922,988		377,633	12,300,621
Highways and streets	3,612,394	Ħ	*	3,612,394
Welfare	453,158	2	<u> </u>	453,158
Culture and recreation	2,355,662	<u> </u>	222,189	2,577,851
Conservation	9,020	# :	200	9,220
Debt service:				
Principal	2,680,813	9	3	2,680,813
Interest	1,038,170	**	=	1,038,170
Capital outlay	486,943	6,115,667		6,602,610
Total expenditures	28,929,511	6,115,667	608,337	35,653,515
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,328,065	(5,947,004)	50,305	(4,568,634)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,662,102	1,083,725	30,058	2,775,885
Transfers out	(2,053,200)	¥	(25,262)	(2,078,462)
Bonds/notes proceeds	5 :	3,862,203		3,862,203
Capital leases	374,212			374,212
Total other financing sources (uses)	(16,886)	4,945,928	4,796	4,933,838
Net change in fund balances	1,311,179	(1,001,076)	55,101	365,204
Fund balances, beginning	12,896,190	140,752	2,441,696	15,478,638
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$ 14,207,369	\$ (860,324)	\$ 2,496,797	\$ 15,843,842

EXHIBIT C-4

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-3)		\$ 365,204
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current year, as follows: Capitalized capital outlay Disposal of capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 5,949,906 (8,705) (2,583,777)	3,357,424
Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated		
on the Statement of Activities.		
Transfers in	\$ 2,078,462	
Transfers out	2,078,462	
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Change in deferred tax revenue Decrease in deferred aid revenue	\$ (38,343) (4,890)	(43,233)
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(11)=17
Proceeds of debt	\$ (3,633,683)	
Inception of capital leases	(374,212)	
Bond premium on new issuance	(228,520)	
Recognition of principal forgiveness	(72,829)	
Repayment of bond principal	2,753,642	
Repayment of capital leases	174,910	
Amortization of bond premium	86,474	
Amortization of debt forgiveness	91,130	(1,203,088)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(1,203,066)
Increase in accrued interest expense	\$ (39,436)	
Decrease in compensated absences	32,850	
Net change in net pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows of		
resources related to pensions	92,524	
Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred		
outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(543,319)	/ I == 0.000
		(457,381)
Changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$ 2,018,926

EXHIBIT D CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

y				Variance
		Amounts	4 . 1	Positive
DESTRUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	\$ 22.039.354	\$ 22,039,354	\$ 22,405,756	\$ 366,402
Taxes		\$ 22,039,354 2,660,430	3,274,131	613,701
Licenses and permits	2,660,430 1,458,296	1,458,296	1,427,681	(30,615)
Intergovernmental				201,743
Charges for services	1,346,150	1,346,150	1,547,893	188,928
Miscellaneous	411,300	411,300	600,228	
Total revenues	27,915,530	27,915,530	29,255,689	1,340,159
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	6,607,430	6,556,110	6,808,822	(252,712)
Public safety	11,921,860	11,948,900	11,484,883	464,017
Highways and streets	3,697,280	3,708,150	3,495,238	212,912
Welfare	516,640	516,640	453,158	63,482
Culture and recreation	2,361,050	2,374,460	2,350,950	23,510
Conservation	10,070	10,070	9,020	1,050
Debt service:				
Principal	2,648,060	2,648,060	2,680,813	(32,753)
Interest	1,024,360	1,024,360	1,038,170	(13,810)
Total expenditures	28,786,750	28,786,750	28,321,054	465,696
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(871,220)	(871,220)	934,635	1,805,855
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,628,110	1,628,110	1,662,102	33,992
Transfers out	(1,951,620)	(1,951,620)	(1,976,277)	(24,657)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(323,510)	(323,510)	(314,175)	9,335
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,194,730)	\$ (1,194,730)	620,460	\$ 1,815,190
Increase in nonspendable fund balance			(4,650)	
Decrease in assigned fund balance (non-encumbrance)			420,000	
Unassigned fund balance, beginning			10,640,252	
Unassigned fund balance, beginning Unassigned fund balance, ending			\$ 11,676,062	
Onassigned fund balance, ending			Ψ 11,070,002	

EXHIBIT E-1 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

	-		pe Activities		
			ise Funds		
	Sewage	Solid	Water		
	Collection and Disposal	Waste Disposal	Treatment and Distribution	Municipal Airport	Total
ASSETS	and Disposar	Disposar	Distribution	rinport	- 1000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,184,203	\$ 5,719,322	\$ 2,944,211	\$ 308,628	\$ 12,156,364
Investments	20,069	8,034,625	517,421	-	8,572,115
Receivables:					
Accounts	305,105	419,184	86,968	50,152	861,409
Intergovernmental	2,203,260	48,103	2,027,931	171,527	4,450,821
Internal balances	U.S.	*	25	豊	25
Prepaid items	393,255	5,233	26,608	12,642	437,738
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	10,892,537	121,104	4,044,752	2,530,051	17,588,444
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	44,277,475	10,534,673	18,952,176	6,639,216	80,403,540
Total assets	61,275,904	24,882,244	28,600,092	9,712,216	124,470,456
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Amounts related to pensions	83,391	71,803	62,930	44,157	262,281
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	7,675	6,608	5,793	4,064	24,140
Total deferred outflows of resources	91,066	78,411	68,723	48,221	286,421
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	225,014	32,620	73,978	45,693	377,305
Retainage payable	307,351	-	271,744	*	579,095
Contract payable	447,101	20,313	440,666	2	908,080
Accrued interest payable	168,886	49,053	161,937	13,685	393,561
Intergovernmental	2,648,603		2,511,357		5,159,960
Internal balances	25	:::		827,791	827,816
Escrow and performance deposits	0 81	:=:	7	9,400	9,400
Long term liabilities: Due within one year	795,548	329,585	651,103	84,977	1,861,213
Due in more than one year	26,798,517	11,054,896	8,857,041	955,756	47,666,210
Total liabilities	31,391,045	11,486,467	12,967,826	1,937,302	57,782,640
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Debt forgiveness	1,383,380	*	1,065,958	*	2,449,338
Deferred revenue	79	€	×	9,320	9,320
Amounts related to pensions	50,487	43,470	38,098	26,734	158,789
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	4,331	3,690	2,576	2,201	12,798
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,438,198	47,160	1,106,632	38,255	2,630,245
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	28,468,689	8,735,372	14,172,087	8,596,905	59,973,053
Restricted	-	3,289,829	501,944	253,350	4,045,123
Unrestricted	69,038	1,401,827	(79,674)	(1,065,375)	325,816
				7	

EXHIBIT E-2 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Proprietary Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Enterpris	se Funds		
	Sewage	Solid	Water		
	Collection	Waste	Treatment and	Municipal	
	and Disposal	Disposal	Distribution	Airport	Total
Operating revenues:					
User charges	\$ 5,681,442	\$ 3,392,968	\$ 3,180,786	\$ 552,240	\$ 12,807,436
Intergovernmental revenues	283,912	3	71,127	234,295	589,334
Miscellaneous	52,813	123,647	60,915	360,560	597,935
Total operating revenues	6,018,167	3,516,615	3,312,828	1,147,095	13,994,705
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and wages	886,120	755,177	650,617	545,914	2,837,828
Operation and maintenance	1,328,004	996,904	479,432	419,727	3,224,067
Contractual services	64,249	170,609	73,580	205,861	514,299
Materials and supplies	153,363	20,041	164,478	20,023	357,905
Depreciation and amortization	1,139,692	679,141_	538,930	616,202	2,973,965
Total operating expenses	3,571,428	2,621,872	1,907,037	1,807,727	9,908,064
Operating gain	2,446,739	894,743	1,405,791	(660,632)	4,086,641
Nonoperating revenue (expense):					
Interest income	30,776	145,180	33,262	(1,910)	207,308
Gain on sale of property	2,500	181,001	<u> </u>	432	183,933
Interest expense	(761,618)	(70,764)	(317,168)	(29,523)	(1,179,073)
Total nonoperating revenues	(728,342)	255,417	(283,906)	(31,001)	(787,832)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	300,350	543,025	329,080	408,720	1,581,175
Transfers out	(492,900)	(1,359,468)	(292,780)	(133,450)	(2,278,598)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(192,550)	(816,443)	36,300	275,270	(697,423)
Change in net position	1,525,847	333,717	1,158,185	(416,363)	2,601,386
Net position, beginning, as restated (see Note 22)	27,011,880	13,093,311_	13,436,172	8,201,243	61,742,606
Net position, ending	\$ 28,537,727	\$ 13,427,028	\$ 14,594,357	\$ 7,784,880	\$ 64,343,992

EXHIBIT E-3 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds				
	-				
	Sewage	Solid	Water	3.4	
	Collection	Waste	Treatment and	Municipal	Total
	and Disposal	Disposal	Distribution	Airport	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢ 5004026	¢ 2.412.727	\$ 3,359,723	\$ 2,012,501	\$ 14,769,887
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 5,984,936	\$ 3,412,727		(497,080)	\$ 14,769,887 (2,867,349)
Payments to employees	(864,570)	(771,782) (1,283,080)	(733,917) (676,537)	, , ,	(4,492,500
Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by operating activities	(1,369,924) 3,750,442	1,357,865	1,949,269	(1,162,959)	7,410,038
	3,730,442	1,337,803	1,949,209	332,402	7,410,038
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
State revolving loan proceeds	610,594		610,594	020	1,221,188
Bond and bond premium proceeds	870,000	•	870,000	-	1,740,000
Principal paid on bonds	(1,727,903)	(300,000)	(607,012)	(66,579)	(2,701,494
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets	(3,023,570)	(570,287)	(2,382,361)	(228,184)	(6,204,402
Interest paid	(774,747)	(68,065)	(357,094)	(30,378)	(1,230,284
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(4,045,626)	(938,352)	(1,865,873)	(325,141)	(7,174,992
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:					
Operating transfers in	300,350	543,025	329,080	408,720	1,581,175
Operating transfers out	(492,900)	(1,359,468)	(292,780)	(395,191)	(2,540,339
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing	*				
activities	(192,550)	(816,443)	36,300	13,529	(959,164)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Sale of investments		978,287	25,181	-	1,003,468
Purchase of investments	(10,007)		1.0	198	(10,007)
Interest received	30,776	145,180	33,262	7,043	216,261
Net cash provided by investing activities	20,769	1,123,467	58,443	7,043	1,209,722
Net increase/decrease in cash	(466,965)	726,537	178,139	47,893	485,604
Cash, beginning	3,651,168	4,992,785	2,766,072	260,735	11,670,760
Cash, ending	\$ 3,184,203	\$ 5,719,322	\$ 2,944,211	\$ 308,628	\$ 12,156,364
Reconciliation of Operating Gain					
	,		\$ 1,405,791		\$ 4,086,641
Operating gain (loss)	\$ 2,446,739	\$ 894,743	5 1,405,791	\$ (660,632)	\$ 4,080,041
Adjustments to reconcile operating gain (loss) to net					
cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	1,139,692	679,141	538,930	616,202	2,973,965
Loss on disposition of capital assets	(1,985)	(89,442)		(/ <u>2</u>)	(91,427
(Increase)/Decrease in other receivables	(75,859)	(117,250)	43,227	18,575	(131,307
Decrease in intergovernmental receivables	42,628	13,362	3,668	846,931	906,589
(Increase)/Decrease in prepaid items	13,982	(373)	(398)	(791)	12,420
Decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions	17,463	23,351	29,775	7,315	77,904
Increase in deferred outflows related to OPEB	(4,609)	(3,716)	(2,974)	(2,499)	(13,798)
Increase/(Decrease) in accounts payable	163,695	(5,711)	41,351	(516,557)	(317,222)
Decrease in escrow deposits		:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	⊘ €	(100)	(100)
Increase/(Decrease) in compensated absences	(28,096)	(8,105)	(18,356)	10,662	(43,895)
Increase/(Decrease) in net pension liability	(11,838)	(64,499)	(117,324)	6.348	(187,313)
Increase in OPEB	19.065	13,028	8,116	10,961	51,170
Increase in deferred inflows related to pensions	25,365	19,769	15,007	13.913	74,054
Increase in deferred inflows related to OPEB	4,200	3,567	2,456	2.134	12.357
Total adjustments	1,303,703	463,122	543,478	1,013,094	3,323,397
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,750,442	\$ 1,357,865	\$ 1,949,269	\$ 352,462	\$ 7,410,038

EXHIBIT F CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

ASSETS	Agency
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 419,490
Investments	4,611,608
Total assets	\$ 5,031,098
LIABILITIES	
Intergovernmental payable	\$ 5,031,098

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
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Deficit Fund Balance Accounting Change/Restatement DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets Investments Taxes Receivable Other Receivables Prepaid Items Capital Assets	
Deficit Fund Balance Accounting Change/Restatement DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets Investments Taxes Receivable Other Receivables Prepaid Items Capital Assets Interfund Balances and Transfers	
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Deficit Fund Balance Accounting Change/Restatement DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets Investments Taxes Receivable Other Receivables Prepaid Items Capital Assets Interfund Balances and Transfers Intergovernmental Payables Construction Commitments	
Deficit Fund Balance Accounting Change/Restatement DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets Investments Taxes Receivable Other Receivables Prepaid Items Capital Assets Interfund Balances and Transfers Intergovernmental Payables Construction Commitments Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	
Deficit Fund Balance Accounting Change/Restatement DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets Investments Taxes Receivable Other Receivables Prepaid Items Capital Assets Interfund Balances and Transfers Intergovernmental Payables Construction Commitments Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Capital Lease Obligations	
Deficit Fund Balance	
Deficit Fund Balance	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Lebanon, New Hampshire (the City), have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

In 2018, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which changed the way other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities and related expenses are recorded. See Note 1-Q for further information on this pronouncement.

The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

1-A Reporting Entity

The City of Lebanon is a municipal corporation governed by an elected City Council. In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth by the GASB. The City has no component units to include in its reporting entity.

1-B Basis of Accounting, and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The City's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying statement is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of reimbursement-based grants, which use a period of one year. Property

taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund — is the City's primary operating fund. The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources include property taxes, State grants and motor vehicle permit fees. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, highways and streets, welfare, culture and recreation, and debt service. Under GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions guidance, the expendable trust, grants, emergency management, Heritage, restricted, and Community Development Block Grant funds are consolidated in the general fund.

Capital Improvements Fund –accounts for activity pertaining to multiple construction and renovation projects that are not reported in other funds.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Permanent Fund – are held in the custody of the Trustees of Trust Funds and are used to account for resources held in trust for use by the City. These can include legal trusts for which the interest on the corpus provides funds for the City's cemetery operations.

All the governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements. The City reports seven nonmajor governmental funds.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements – Include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund.

Proprietary funds are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewage Collection and Disposal Fund – accounts for the operation of the wastewater treatment plant and the maintenance and replacement of the wastewater collection system and pump stations.

Solid Waste Disposal Fund – accounts for the operation and maintenance of the landfill, recycling facilities and hazardous waste processing.

Water Treatment and Distribution Fund – accounts for the operation of the water treatment facilities, maintenance and replacement of distribution system, water tanks and pump stations.

Municipal Airport Fund – accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Lebanon Municipal Airport.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statement – Consists of a Statement of Net Position. The City's fiduciary fund consists of the following:

Agency Fund – is custodial in nature and does not involve the measurement of operating results. An agency fund is used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

1-C Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Deposits with financial institutions consist primarily of demand deposits and savings accounts. A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reflected on the combined financial statements under the caption "cash and cash equivalents."

The treasurer is required to deposit such moneys in solvent banks in state or the Public Deposit Investment Pool pursuant to New Hampshire RSA 383:22. Funds may be deposited in banks outside of the state if such banks pledge and deliver to a third party custodial bank or the Federal Reserve Bank, collateral security for such deposits, United States government or government agency obligations or obligations to the State of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case.

1-D Restricted Assets

Restricted assets occur when statutory limitation is placed on the use of the assets as they are earmarked for a specific purpose and are unavailable for general use.

1-E Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

1-F Investments

State statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available as follows:

New Hampshire law authorizes the City to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the United States government,
- The public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22,
- · Savings bank deposits,
- Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the State treasurer.

Any person who directly or indirectly receives any such funds or moneys for deposit or for investment in securities of any kind shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the City. Only securities defined by the bank commissioner as provided by rules adopted pursuant to RSA 386:57 shall be eligible to be pledged as collateral.

Fair Value Measurements of Investments – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, except for investments measured using net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to estimate fair value, the City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by US GAAP. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used for fair value measurement into three levels as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the City has the ability to access at the measurement date. Directly held marketable equity securities would be examples of Level 1 investments.

Level 2 – Inputs are other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active. Because they most often are priced on the basis of transactions involving similar but not identical securities or do not trade with sufficient frequency, certain directly held fixed income securities are categorized in Level 2.

Level 3 – Inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. In certain instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, it is the level in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Investments are reported at fair value. If an investment is held directly by the City and an active market with quoted prices exists, such as for domestic equity securities, the market price of an identical security is used to report fair value and is classified in Level 1. Corporate fixed income securities and certain governmental securities utilize pricing that may involve estimation using similar securities or trade dates and are classified in Level 2. Fair values for shares in registered mutual funds and exchange-traded funds are based on published share prices and classified in Level 1.

In determining fair value, the City utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible.

1-G Receivables

Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent amounts due to the City at December 31. They are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for certain funds and aggregated columns. They consist primarily of taxes, billing for charges, and other user fees.

1-H Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, and expenses/expenditures as the items are used. Under the full accrual basis of accounting used for the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, prepayments of debt are recognized as a reduction in the long-term liability.

1-I Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, and equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets (i.e., easements), which are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by the fund's measurement focus. General capital assets are assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in a governmental fund and capitalized as assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets of the proprietary fund are capitalized in the fund and the cost basis for proprietary fund capital assets is the same as that used for general capital assets.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. When the cost of the capital assets cannot be determined from available records, estimated historical cost is used. Donated capital assets received on or prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Capital Asset Classes:	-
Land improvements	20 - 30
Buildings and building improvements	20 - 30
Machinery and equipment	5 - 25
Infrastructure	50

1-J Interfund Activities

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

Interfund Receivables and Payables – Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Interfund Transfers – Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making the transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving the transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1-K Property Taxes

Property tax billings occur semi-annually and are based on the assessed inventory values as of April 1 of each year in accordance with RSA 76:15-a, *Semi-Annual Collection of Taxes in certain Towns and Cities*. Warrants for the year were issued on May 18, 2018 and October 24, 2018, and were due on July 1, 2018 and December 1, 2018, respectively. Interest accrues at a rate of 12% on bills outstanding after the due date and 18% on tax liens outstanding.

In connection with the setting of the tax rate, City officials with the approval of the Department of Revenue Administration, establish and raise through taxation an amount for tax abatement and refunds, known as overlay. This amount is reported as a reduction in tax revenue and is adjusted by management for any reserve for uncollectable at year-end. The property taxes collected by the City include taxes levied for the State of New Hampshire, Lebanon School District, and Grafton County, which are remitted to these entities as required by law.

The City net assessed valuation as of April 1, 2018 utilized in the setting of the tax rate was as follows:

For the New Hampshire education tax	\$ 1,825,672,021
For all other taxes	\$ 1,908,962,821

The tax rates and amounts assessed for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Per \$1,000	Property
	of Assessed	Taxes
	Valuation	Assessed
Municipal portion	\$10.97	\$ 20,941,893
School portion:		
State of New Hampshire	\$2.35	4,281,866
Local	\$14.39	27,472,964
County portion	\$2.01	3.841.918
Total	\$29.72	\$ 56.538.641

1-L Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent the gross amount of expenditures or expenses incurred as a result of normal operations, but for which no actual payment has yet been issued to vendors/providers as of December 31, 2018.

1-M Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and thus will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

Deferred inflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

1-N Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

1-O Compensated Absences

Vacation - The City's policy allows certain employees to earn varying amounts of vacation based on the employee's length of employment. Upon separation from service, employees are paid in full for any accrued leave earned as set forth by personnel policy or collective bargaining agreement. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Sick Leave – Benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the City's experience of making termination payments.

1-P Defined Benefit Pension Plan

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date and GASB Statement No. 82 Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 67, No. 68 and No.73 requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, and schedules have been prepared to provide employers with their calculated proportionate share of these amounts. The collective amounts have been allocated based on employer contributions during the respective fiscal years. Contributions from employers are recognized when legally due, based on statutory requirements.

The schedules prepared by New Hampshire Retirement System, and audited by the plan's independent auditors, require management to make a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature and uncertainty of these estimates, actual results could differ, and the differences may be material.

1-Q Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The City maintains two separate other postemployment benefit plans (OPEB), as follows:

New Hampshire Retirement System Plan – For the purposes of measuring the total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System OPEB Plan (the plan) and additions to/deductions

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

from the plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the New Hampshire Retirement System. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Single Employer Plan – For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the City's actuarial report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

1-R Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-wide Statements - Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position – Results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by a third party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a further project.

Unrestricted net position – Consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

Fund Balance Classifications – GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make sure the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances are more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (such as prepaid items or tax deeded property subject to resale); or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a vote of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the legislative body removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by the offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When multiple net position/fund balance classifications are available for use, it is the City's policy to utilize the most restricted balances first, then the next most restricted balance as needed. When components of unrestricted fund balance are used, committed fund balance is depleted first followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

It is the goal of the City to maintain an unassigned fund balance of 15% to 17% of current general fund budgeted expenditure activity. The City considers a balance of less than 15% to be a cause for concern and, taking into account factors or circumstances that may require a higher than normal maximum level of unassigned fund balance, a balance of more than 17% as excessive. An amount in excess of 15% may be considered to reduce tax levy requirements determined in conjunction with the annual budget process, as a capital improvement funding component, for reservation to accumulate funding for future capital improvements, or for any legal purpose deemed appropriate and desirable by the City Council. In the event unassigned fund balance is less than 15%, restorative steps shall be taken in the immediate and subsequent fiscal years.

1-S Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable and the useful lives and impairment of tangible and intangible capital assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2-A Budgetary Information

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the City's operations. The City Council adopts a budget for the current year for the general, emergency management, and capital improvement governmental funds as well as the sewage collection and disposal, solid waste disposal, water treatment and distribution, and municipal airport proprietary funds. Except as reconciled below, the budget was adopted on a basis consistent with US generally accepted accounting principles.

The head of any department, with the written approval of the City Manager, may transfer any unencumbered balance or any portion thereof from one fund or agency within their department to another fund or agency with their department. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations in total. Except for capital improvements, all annual appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and continuing appropriations (certain projects and specific items not fully expended at year-end) are recognized, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and are therefore, reported as part of the assigned fund balance at year-end, and are carried forward to supplement appropriations of the subsequent year.

State statutes require balanced budgets but provide for the use of beginning unassigned fund balance to achieve that end. For the fiscal year 2018, \$1,194,730 of the beginning general fund unassigned fund balance was voted from surplus.

2-B Budgetary Reconciliation to GAAP Basis

The City employs certain accounting principles for budgetary reporting purposes that differ from a GAAP basis. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis presents the actual results to provide a comparison with the budget.

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

The major difference between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis is as follows:

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not represent GAAP expenditures or liabilities but represent budgetary accounting controls. Governmental fund budgets are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting except that budgetary basis expenditures include purchase orders and commitments (encumbrances) for goods or services not received at year-end. Encumbrances are recorded to reserve a portion of fund balance in the governmental fund types for commitments for which no liability exists.

The following reconciles the general fund budgetary basis to the GAAP basis:

Revenues and other financing sources:	General
Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis)	\$ 30,917,791
Adjustment:	
Basis difference:	
Inception of capital leases	374,212
GASB Statement No. 54:	
To record miscellaneous income of the blended funds	963,544
To eliminate transfers between expendable trust and general funds	562,000
To eliminate transfers between blended funds	(562,000)
Change in deferred tax revenue relating to 60-day revenue recognition	
recognized as revenue on the GAAP basis, but not on the budgetary basis	38,343
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis)	\$ 32,293,890
Expenditures and other financing uses:	
Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis)	\$ 30,297,331
Adjustment:	
Basis differences:	
Inception of capital leases	374,212
Encumbrances, beginning	340,509
Encumbrances, ending	(888,153)
GASB Statement No. 54:	
To record expenditures of the blended funds during the year	781,889
To eliminate transfers between general and blended funds	(562,000)
To recognize transfers out of the blended funds	638,923
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis)	\$ 30,982,711

2-C Deficit Fund Balance

The capital improvements fund had a deficit fund balance of \$860,324 at December 31, 2018. This deficit results from project expenditures in anticipation of future bond/note issuances and includes \$3,348,475 of intergovernmental payables representing unissued State Revolving Fund drawdown requests, see Note 11.

2-D Accounting Change/Restatement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), was implemented during fiscal year 2018. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with OPEB benefits, including additional note disclosure and required supplementary information. In addition, GASB Statement No. 75 requires a state or local government employer to use the entry age normal actuarial cost method and requires deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources which arise from other types of events related to OPEB to be recognized.

Beginning net position for governmental and business-type activities was restated to retroactively report the change in valuation of the beginning total OPEB liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, as follows:

	Local	State	Total
	OPEB	OPEB	OPEB
Governmental Activities:			:=:
Change in total OPEB liability under current standards, January 1	\$ (125,080)	\$ (1,489,192)	\$ (1,614,272)
Initial balance of deferred outflows of resources	-	110,105	110,105
Initial balance of deferred inflows of resources	· .	(4,699)	(4,699)
Cumulative restatement related to GASB No. 75 implementation (see Note 22)	\$ (125,080)	\$ (1,383,786)	\$ (1,508,866)
Business-type Activities - Sewage collection and disposal			
Change in total OPEB liability under current standards, January 1	\$ (21,430)	\$ (41,462)	\$ (62,892)
Initial balance of deferred outflows of resources		3,066	3,066
Initial balance of deferred inflows of resources		(131)	(131)
Cumulative restatement related to GASB No. 75 implementation (see Note 22)	\$ (21,430)	\$ (38,527)	\$ (59,957)
Business-type Activities - Solid waste disposal			
Change in total OPEB liability under current standards, January 1	\$ (16,584)	\$ (39,118)	\$ (55,702)
Initial balance of deferred outflows of resources		2,892	2,892
Initial balance of deferred inflows of resources		(123)	(123)
Cumulative restatement related to GASB No. 75 implementation (see Note 22)	\$ (16,584)	\$ (36,349)	\$ (52,933)
Business-type Activities - Water treatment and distribution			
Change in total OPEB liability under current standards, January 1	\$ 11,565	\$ (38,111)	\$ (26,546)
Initial balance of deferred outflows of resources	(w)	2,819	2,819
Initial balance of deferred inflows of resources		(120)	(120)
Cumulative restatement related to GASB No. 75 implementation (see Note 22)	\$ 11,565	\$ (35,412)	\$ (23,847)
Business-type Activities - Municipal airport			
Change in total OPEB liability under current standards, January 1	\$ (400)	\$ (21,161)	\$ (21,561)
Initial balance of deferred outflows of resources	780	1,565	1,565
Initial balance of deferred inflows of resources	(40)	(67)	(67)
Cumulative restatement related to GASB No. 75 implementation (see Note 22)	\$ (400)	\$ (19,663)	\$ (20,063)

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The City's deposits are covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name. The FDIC currently insures the first \$250,000 of the City's deposits at each financial institution, per case custodian. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are insured by the collateral. As of year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$41,391,708 and the bank balances totaled \$42,033,813. Petty cash totaled \$2,165.

Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:

Cash per Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)	\$ 40,972,218
Cash per Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Fund (Exhibit F)	419,490
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,391,708

NOTE 4 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following cash and investments are classified as restricted because of the statutory limitation placed on their use as they are earmarked for a specific purpose.

Cash and cash equivalents:		
General fund:		
Expendable trust	\$	26,556
Grants		269,869
Emergency management		70,480
Heritage		32,063
Restricted funds		344,457
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents		743,425
Investments:		
General fund:		
Expendable trust		318,621
Accounts receivable:		
General fund:		
Grants	_	20,682
Total restricted assets	\$	1,082,728

NOTE 5 – INVESTMENTS

Note 1-F describes statutory requirements covering the investment of the City funds. The City holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the City's mission, the City determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements and maturities as of December 31, 2018:

	Valuation				
	Measurement		Exempt from	Less Than 1	
	Method	Fair Value	Disclosure	Year	1-5 Years
Investment type:					
Equities	Level 1	\$ 1,206,100	\$ 1,206,100	\$	\$
Fixed income	Level 1	13,654,946	1,748,919	2,562,165	9,343,862
Total fair value		\$ 14,861,046	\$ 2,955,019	\$ 2,562,165	\$ 9,343,862
					-

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's Trustees of Trust Funds investment policy limits investment maturities for capital reserve funds to five years as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Credit Risk - The City's Trustees of Trust Funds investment policy limits capital reserve investments to the highest grade domestic fixed investments (U.S. treasuries and agencies) as a means of managing credit risk. For trust funds, the policy specifies that not more than 45% nor less than 35% of the portfolio should be invested in equities; of which not more than 90% nor less than 70% in an S&P 500 Index fund, 5%-15% international equities, and the balance in small-cap and mid-cap index funds. Not more than 60% nor less than 40% of the portfolio should be invested in diversified fixed income pools or funds representative of the broad U.S. government and corporate market.

The cash balance, which composes the rest, should range between 0% and 10% of the total trust fund balance.

		Ex	tempt from		Ratings as of Year-er		
	Fair Value	Γ	Disclosure	Aaa		Other	
Investment type:							
Equities	\$ 1,206,100	\$	1,206,100	\$	-	\$	84
Fixed income	13,654,946		1,748,919		11,856,969		49,058
Total fair value	\$ 14,861,046	\$	2,955,019	\$	11,856,969	\$	49,058

Custodial Credit Risk – This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker/dealer) to honor a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have custodial credit risk policies for investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's Trustees of Trust Funds investment policy limits the amount it may invest in any one issuer to not more than 10% of the total trust fund balance, excepting U.S. obligations and mutual funds. There are no issuers that exceeded 5% of the City's total investments.

Investment reconciliation:

Investments per Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)	\$ 10,249,438
Investments per Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds (Exhibit F)	 4,611,608
Total investments	\$ 14,861,046

NOTE 6 - TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable represent the amount of current and prior year taxes which have not been collected as of December 31, 2018. The amount in the governmental activities has been reduced by an allowance for an estimated uncollectible amount of \$250,000, which is removed in the general fund due to the deferral of taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of year-end. Taxes receivable by year are as follows:

As reported on:			
Exhibit A		E:	xhibit C-1
		77	
\$	876,533	\$	876,533
	223,441		223,441
	162,431		162,431
	274,831		274,831
	(250,000) *		
\$	1,287,236	\$	1,537,236
		Exhibit A \$ 876,533 223,441 162,431 274,831 (250,000) *	Exhibit A E \$ 876,533 \$ 223,441 162,431 274,831 (250,000) *

^{*}The allowance for uncollectible property taxes is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting (Exhibit C-1 and C-3) due to the 60-day rule as explained in Note 1-B. However, the allowance is recognized under the full accrual basis of accounting (Exhibits A and B).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 7 – OTHER RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2018, consisted of accounts (billings for police details, water, sewer, ambulance, and other user charges) and intergovernmental amounts arising from grants. Receivables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and collectability.

Receivables as of December 31, 2018 for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Governmental Funds			Total	
	1.	Capital		Governmental	
	General	Improvements	Nonmajor	Funds	
Receivables:					
Accounts	\$ 838,221	\$	\$ 11,342	\$ 849,563	
Restricted	20,682	-	-	20,682	
Intergovernmental	9	2,600,600	•	2,600,600	
Voluntary tax liens	33,150			33,150	
Gross receivables	892,053	2,600,600	11,342	3,503,995	
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(442,409)			(442,409)	
Net total receivables	\$ 449,644	\$ 2,600,600	\$ 11,342	\$ 3,061,586	
	5	Proprieta	ry Funds		
	Sewage	Solid	Water		Total
	Collection	Waste	Treatment and	Municipal	Proprietary
	and Disposal	Disposal	Distribution	Airport	Funds
Receivables:	, \	-			-
Accounts	\$ 305,105	\$ 419,184	\$ 86,968	\$ 50,152	\$ 861,409
Intergovernmental	2,203,260	48,103	2,027,931	171,527	4,450,821
Net total receivables	\$ 2,508,365	\$ 467,287	\$ 2,114,899	\$ 221,679	\$ 5,312,230
			Total		
	Governmental	Business-type	Government-		
	Activities	Activities	Wide		
Receivables:	s 	3:			
Accounts	\$ 870,245	\$ 861,409	\$ 1,731,654		
Intergovernmental	2,770,157	4,450,821	7,220,978		
Voluntary tax liens	33,150		33,150		
Gross receivables	3,673,552	5,312,230	8,985,782		
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(442,409)	165	(442,409)		
Net total receivables	\$ 3,231,143	\$ 5,312,230	\$ 8,543,373		

NOTE 8 - PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid items at December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

							Proprietary Funds											
	Go	vernment-wi	de Sta	atements	Gov	ernmental		Sewage		Solid		Water						
	Gov	vernmental	Bus	iness-type	Fund Collection		Waste Treatment and		tment and	M	unicipal							
	A	ctivities	A	Activities		Activities		Activities General an		General		and Disposal		isposal	Distribution		Airport	
Insurance	\$	97,776	\$	36,793	\$	97,776	\$	8,887	\$	5.233	\$	10,306	\$	12,367				
Debt		2		12		55,747		(4)				140		43				
Interest		20,069		399,420		20,069		384.368		100		15.052		-				
Other		173,918		1.525		173,918		8				1,250		275				
Total	\$	291,763	\$	437,738	\$	347,510	\$	393,255	\$	5.233	\$	26,608	\$	12,642				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 9 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance, beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance, ending
Governmental activities:	beginning	- 7 idditions	Deletions	chang
At cost:				
Not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 7,404,265	\$ 225,021	\$	\$ 7,629,286
Intangible assets	82,197	29,650	-	111,847
Construction in progress	6,654,967	4,676,163	(3,180,344)	8,150,786
Total capital assets not being depreciated	14,141,429	4,930,834	(3,180,344)	15,891,919
Being depreciated:	17,111,125	1,550,051	(3,100,311)	10,001,010
Land improvements	3,346,872	23,402	2	3,370,274
Buildings and building improvements	21,144,159	388,999	924 9 8 5	21,533,158
Machinery and equipment	10,489,345	1,093,548	(87,046)	11,495,847
Infrastructure	69,601,282	2,693,467	(67,040)	72,294,749
Total capital assets being depreciated	104,581,658	4,199,416	(87,046)	108,694,028
Total all capital assets	118,723,087	9,130,250	(3,267,390)	124,585,947
Less accumulated depreciation:	110,723,007	7,130,230	(3,207,370)	124,363,947
Land improvements	(2,023,211)	(128,547)		(2,151,758)
Buildings and building improvements	(7,639,332)	(448,255)	(4)	(8,087,587)
Machinery and equipment			70 241	(5,993,759)
Infrastructure	(5,420,786)	(651,314)	78,341	
	(19,872,698)	(1,355,661)	70.241	(21,228,359)
Total accumulated depreciation	(34,956,027)	(2,583,777)	78,341	(37,461,463)
Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	69,625,631	1,615,639	(8,705)	71,232,565
Net book value, all governmental activities capital assets	\$ 83,767,060	\$ 6,546,473	\$ (3,189,049)	\$ 87,124,484
Business-type activities:				
At cost:				
Not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 809,968	\$	\$	\$ 809,968
Construction in progress	12,862,005	6,446,957	(2,530,486)	16,778,476
Total capital assets not being depreciated	13,671,973	6,446,957	(2,530,486)	17,588,444
Being depreciated:				
Land improvements	42,470,222	843,137	170	43,313,359
Buildings and building improvements	40,177,609	387,658		40,565,267
Machinery and equipment	7,353,468	1,138,320	(914,266)	7,577,522
Infrastructure	58,196,524	2,054,284	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60,250,808
Total capital assets being depreciated	148,197,823	4,423,399	(914,266)	151,706,956
Total all capital assets	161,869,796	10,870,356	(3,444,752)	169,295,400
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(30,343,908)	(908,946)		(31,252,854)
Buildings and building improvements	(13,977,914)	(645,507)		(14,623,421)
Machinery and equipment	(4,625,270)	(342,238)	822,839	(4,144,669)
Infrastructure	(20,205,198)	(1,077,274)	580	(21,282,472)
Total accumulated depreciation	(69,152,290)	(2,973,965)	822,839	(71,303,416)
Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	79.045.533	1,449,434	(91,427)	80,403,540
Net book value, all business-type activities capital assets	\$ 92,717,506	\$ 7,896,391	\$ (2,621,913)	\$ 97,991,984

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function are as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 114,253
Public safety	464,735
Highways and streets	1,788,480
Culture and recreation	197,115
Conservation	19,194
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,583,777
Business-type activities:	
Sewage collection and disposal	\$ 1,139,692
Solid waste disposal	679,141
Water treatment and distribution	538,930
Municipal airport	616,202
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,973,965

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances - The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2018 is as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental	\$ 51,139
Nonmajor governmental	Nonmajor governmental	4,903
General	Major proprietary - Municipal airport	827,791
Major proprietary - Water treatment and distribution	Major proprietary - Sewage collection and disposal	25
		\$ 883,858

The outstanding balances among funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund Transfers - The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Т	ransfers In	Т	ransfers Out	_	umulative Transfers
Major governmental funds:						
General	\$	1,662,102	\$	(2,053,200)	\$	(391,098)
Capital improvements		1,083,725		7/29		1,083,725
Nonmajor governmental funds		30,058		(25,262)		4,796
Total governmental funds	-	2,775,885		(2,078,462)		697,423
Major proprietary funds:						
Sewage collection and disposal		300,350		(492,900)		(192,550)
Solid waste disposal		543,025		(1,359,468)		(816,443)
Water treatment and distribution		329,080		(292,780)		36,300
Municipal airport		408,720		(133,450)		275,270
Total proprietary funds		1.581,175		(2,278,598)	Ξ	(697,423)
Total	\$	4,357,060	\$	(4,357,060)	\$	

During the year, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authority to the fund responsible for expenditure and (2) move general fund resources to provide an annual subsidy.

NOTE 11 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL PAYABLES

Amounts due to other governments of \$24,395,473 at December 31, 2018 consist of the following:

Govern	nantal	funde
tynvermi	пеши	THE HELS:

General:	
Balance of 2018-19 district assessment due to the Lebanon School District	\$ 14,202,898
Fees due to the State of New Hampshire	1,517
Total general fund	14,204,415
Capital improvements:	
State of New Hampshire - drawdown requests	3,348,475
Total governmental funds	17,552,890
Proprietary funds:	
Sewage collection and disposal:	
State of New Hampshire - drawdown requests	2,511,357
Connection fees due to the Town of Hanover	137,246
Total sewer fund	2,648,603
Water treatment and distribution:	
State of New Hampshire - drawdown requests	2,511,357
Total proprietary funds	5,159,960
Fiduciary fund:	
Agency:	
Impact fees held for other governments	129,425
Trust funds held for the Lebanon School District	4,901,673
Total proprietary funds	5,031,098
Total intergovernmental payables due	\$ 24,395,473

NOTE 12 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2018. The projects include street construction, water and sewer improvements, airport improvements, sidewalk construction, and other capital improvements. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors for work completed are as follows:

	-	Contracts Payable		tetainage Payable
Governmental fund:				
Capital improvements	\$	546,190	\$	390,946
Proprietary funds:				
Sewage collection and disposal		447,101		307,351
Solid waste disposal		20,313		2
Water treatment and distribution		440,666		271,744
Total proprietary funds		908,080	_	579,095
Total	\$	1,454,270	\$	970,041

The remaining balances of uncompleted construction contracts at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	Total Contracts	Spent to Date	Remaining Commitment
Governmental fund:	-	×	
Capital improvements	\$ 8,310,686	\$ 3,290,463	\$ 5,020,223
Proprietary funds:			
Sewage collection and disposal	5,155,084	1,732,817	3,422,267
Solid waste disposal	528,840	121,256	407,584
Water treatment and distribution	4,791,531	1,155,406	3,636,125
Municipal airport	1,474,495	761,067	713,428
Total proprietary funds	11,949,950	3,770,546	8,179,404
Total	\$ 20,260,636	\$ 7,061,009	\$ 13,199,627

NOTE 13 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

	Government-w	Government-wide Statements				
	Governmental	Business-type				
	Activities	Activities				
Amounts related to pensions (see Note 16)	\$ 2,831,401	\$ 262,281				
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits (see Note 17)	260,591	24,140				
Total	\$ 3,091,992	\$ 286,421				

		Proprietary Funds						
	-	Sewage		Solid		Water		
	Collection and Disposal		WasteDisposal		Treatment and Distribution		Municipal Airport	
Amounts related to pensions (see Note 16)	\$	83,391	\$	71,803	\$	62,930	\$	44,157
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits (see Note 17)		7,675		6,608		5,793	_	4,064
Total	\$	91,066	\$	78,411	\$	68,723	\$	48,221

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Deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

		Government-w	iae S	tatements		
the second secon	Go	overnmental	Business-type			
		Activities	Activities			
Unavailable revenue - Property taxes	\$	18,648	\$	IH.		
Unavailable revenue - Grants received in advance		246,857		1160		
Debt forgiveness		1,421,280		2,449,338		
Deferred revenue		-		9,320		
Amounts related to pensions (see Note 16)		1,714,188		158,789		
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits (see Note 17)		76,053		12,798		
	\$	3,477,026	\$	2,630,245		
			(Continued)			

Deferred inflows of resources continued:

					Proprieta	ту Fu	ınds		
	Go	vernmental		Sewage	Solid		Water		
		Fund	(Collection	Waste	Tr	eatment and]	Municipal
		General	an	d Disposal	Disposal		istribution		Airport
Unavailable revenue - Property taxes	\$	421,396	\$	×.	\$ 100	\$	381	\$	-
Unavailable revenue - Grants received in advance		246,857		*	0.5				-
Debt forgiveness		¥		1,383,380	?≆:		1,065,958		: (1)
Deferred revenue		*		*:			(5)		9,320
Amounts related to pensions (see Note 16)		2		50,487	43,470		38,098		26,734
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits (see Note 17)		*		4,331	3,690		2,576		2,201
	\$	668,253	\$	1,438,198	\$ 47,160	\$	1,106,632	\$	38,255

NOTE 14 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the City when all the terms of the lease agreements are met.

		Pre	sent Value
	Standard	of l	Remaining
	Interest	Pay	ments as of
	Rate	Decen	nber 31, 2018
Governmental activities:		2	
Capital lease obligations:			
Ford Fusion	5.95%	\$	4,285
Ford Interceptor	6.45%		8,932
Servers and related equipment	4.29%		37,091
Vehicle fleet	6.00%		221,077
Ford Interceptor	6.95%		25,138
Total capital lease obligations		\$	296,523

Leased equipment under capital leases, included in capital assets, is as follows:

	Go	vernmental
	A	Activities
Equipment:		
Ford Fusion	\$	20,289
Ford Interceptor		42,115
Servers and related equipment		111,272
Vehicle fleet		341,661
Ford Interceptor		32,551
Total equipment	<u> </u>	547,888
Less: accumulated depreciation		(157,470)
Total capital lease equipment	\$	390,418

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

The annual requirements to amortize the capital leases payable as of December 31, 2018, including interest payments, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Gov	ernmental
December 31,	A	ctivities
2019	\$	169,083
2020		146,024
2021		7,413
2022		7,413
Total requirements		329,933
Less: interest		(33,410)
Present value of remaining payments	\$	296,523

Amortization of lease equipment under capital assets is included with depreciation expense.

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the City's long-term liabilities consisted of the following for the year ended December 31, 2018:

		Balance			Balance	
	Jai	nuary 1, 2018			Decenver 31,	Due Within
	<u>(</u>	as restated)	Additions	Reductions	2018	One Year
Governmental activities:	2				2	
Bonds/notes payable:						
Bonds/notes	\$	25,089,160	\$ 3,633,683	\$ (2,753,642)	* \$ 25,969,201	\$ 2,707,066
Premium	_	912,376	228,520	(86,474)	1,054,422	79,684
Total bonds/notes payable	***	26,001,536	3,862,203	(2,840,116)	27,023,623	2,786,750
Capital leases		97,221	374,212	(174,910)	296,523	148,456
Compensated absences		1,646,744	14,722	(47,572)	1,613,894	69,311
Net pension liability		23,656,755	i e	(1,695,390)	21,961,365	#
Net other postemployment benefits		2,803,924	747,531	#1_	3,551,455	<u>*</u> .
Total long-term liabilities	\$	54,206,180	\$ 4,998,668	\$ (4,757,988)	\$ 54,446,860	\$ 3,004,517
	-					

^{*}Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program — Included in the \$2,753,642 debt reduction is a one-time principal forgiveness received under the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program. The loan was consolidated by a promissory note on October 11, 2018, upon substantial completion of the Combined Sewer Overflow Project 11 (Phase 1). The total loan amount issued was \$728,283 (in the governmental activities), of which 10.0%, or \$72,828 was forgiven in the form of federal financial assistance.

	Balance						Balance		
Jai	nuary 1, 2018					D	ecember 31,	Γ	Due Within
(as restated)		Additions	-	Reductions	_	2018		One Year
\$	37,365,709	\$	2,721,424	\$	(2,810,736) *	\$	37,276,397	\$	1,743,844
	696,497		111.000		(64,963)		742,534		54,777
	38,062,206		2,832,424		(2,875,699)		38,018,931		1,798,621
	320,337		10,662		(54,557)		276,442		44,192
	8,366,643		386.953		-		8.753.596		18,400
	2,221,646		~		(187,313)		2,034,333		-
	366.102		78,019	_		_	444.121		
\$	49,336,934	\$	3,308,058	\$	(3,117,569)	\$	49,527,423	\$	1,861,213
	\$	\$ 37,365,709 696,497 38,062,206 320,337 8,366,643 2,221,646 366,102	\$ 37,365,709 \$ 696,497 \$ 38,062,206 \$ 320,337 \$ 8,366,643 \$ 2,221,646 \$ 366,102	January 1, 2018 (as restated) Additions \$ 37,365,709 \$ 2,721,424 696,497 111,000 38,062,206 2,832,424 320,337 10,662 8,366,643 386,953 2,221,646 - 366,102 78,019	January 1, 2018 (as restated) \$ 37,365,709 \$ 2,721,424 \$ 696,497 \$ 111,000 38,062,206 \$ 2,832,424 320,337 \$ 10,662 8,366,643 \$ 386,953 2,221,646 \$ - 366,102 \$ 78,019	January 1, 2018 (as restated) Additions Reductions \$ 37,365,709 \$ 2,721,424 \$ (2,810,736) * 696,497 111,000 (64,963) 38,062,206 2,832,424 (2,875,699) 320,337 10,662 (54,557) 8,366,643 386,953 - 2,221,646 - (187,313) 366,102 78,019 -	January 1, 2018 (as restated) Additions Reductions \$ 37,365,709 \$ 2,721,424 \$ (2,810,736) * \$ (64,963) \$ 38,062,206 2,832,424 (2,875,699) 320,337 10,662 (54,557) 8,366,643 386,953 - 2,221,646 - (187,313) 366,102 78,019 -	January 1, 2018 (as restated) Additions Reductions December 31, 2018 \$ 37,365,709 (696,497) \$ 2,721,424 (2,810,736) * \$ 37,276,397 (64,963) 742,534 38,062,206 (2,832,424) (2,875,699) 38,018,931 (2,875,692) 320,337 (10,662) (54,557) 276,442 (2,875,596) 8,366,643 (386,953) - (187,313) 2,034,333 (187,312) 2,221,646 (3,221,646) - (187,313) 2,034,333 (187,312) 366,102 (78,019) - (187,313) 444,121	January 1, 2018 (as restated) Additions Reductions December 31, 2018 \$ 37,365,709 \$ 2,721,424 \$ (2,810,736) * \$ 37,276,397 \$ 696,497 \$ 38,062,206 2,832,424 (2,875,699) 38,018,931 \$ 320,337 10,662 (54,557) 276,442 \$ 8,366,643 386,953 - 8,753,596 2,221,646 - (187,313) 2,034,333 366,102 78,019 - 444,121

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

*Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program — Included in the \$2,810,736 debt reduction is a one-time principal forgiveness received under the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program. The loan was consolidated by a promissory note on October 11, 2018, upon substantial completion of the Combined Sewer Overflow Project 11 (Phase 1). The total loan amount issued was \$1,092,424 (\$546,212 in the sewer proprietary fund and \$546,212 in the water proprietary fund), of which 10.0%, or \$109,242 (\$54,621 in the sewer proprietary fund and \$54,621 in the water proprietary fund) was forgiven in the form of federal financial assistance.

Long-term bonds/notes are comprised of the following:

		Original Amount	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate %		utstanding at ember 31, 2018		Current Portion
Governmental activities:					(0				
Bonds/notes payable:									
(Majority multi purpose)	\$	5,273,904	2000	2020	5.125-5.50	\$	480,000	\$	240,000
	\$	2,490,682	2001	2021	4.125-5.00		357,600		119,200
	\$	2,490,682	2002	2022	3.00-5.00		365,000		95,000
	\$	1,118,620	2003	2023	4.00-6.00		278,300		55,660
	\$	3,506,098	2004	2024	3.00-5.00		1,032,858		172,143
	\$	4,583,082	2005	2025	4.00-4.50		1,575,000		225,000
	\$	4,441,665	2006	2026	4.50-5.00		1,770,000		225,000
	\$	6,584,511	2007	2027	4.00-4.75		2,787,400		323,600
	\$	2,396,404	2008	2028	4.00-4.125		715,250		74,525
	\$	3,797,000	2009	2029	3.02-5.02		1,360,000		156,000
	\$	3,948,393	2010	2030	3.823		2,343,440		197,370
	\$	3,651,784	2011	2031	3.55		2,265,000		190,000
	\$	428,374	2012	2032	2.57-3.18		285,040		20,360
	\$	2,912,891	2014	2034	3.392		1,110,527		74,035
	\$	655,000	2014	2024	5.10		390,000		65,000
	\$	1,819,100	2016	2036	2.51		1,630,000		95,000
	\$	1,272,534	2016	2036	2.00		947,699		-
	\$	1,280,000	2017	2036	2.00		1,008,000		56,000
	\$	1,856,400	2017	2037	2.52		1,740,000		115,000
	\$	2,905,400	2018	2038	3.20		2,905,400		175,400
	\$	728,283	2018	2038	2.70		622,687		32,773
Total bonds/notes payable							25,969,201		2,707,066
Bond premium							1,054,422		79,684
Total governmental activities							27,023,623		2,786,750
Business-type activities:									
Bonds/notes payable:									
(Majority multi purpose)	\$	3,297,982	2001	2021	4.125-5.00	\$	77,400	\$	25,800
(majority main purpose)	\$	1,769,210	2003	2023	4.00-6.00	*	96,700	_	19,340
	\$	1,281,902	2004	2024	3.00-5.00		167,142		27,857
	\$	1,254,393	2005	2025	4.00-4.50		420,000		60,000
	\$	2,070,164	2006	2026	4.50-5.00		830,000		105,000
	\$	1,901,689	2007	2027	4.00-4.75		1,187,600		121,400
	\$	1,574,416	2008	2028	2.352		709,387		-
	\$	2,030,611	2008	2028	4.00-4.125		1,054,750		105.475
	\$	1,410,000	2009	2029	3.02-5.02		750,000		69.000
	\$	3,152,607	2010	2030	3.823		1,891,560		157.630
	\$	4,720,716	2011	2031	3.55		3,055,000		235.000
	Ψ	= 51, 10	_3				-,-50,000	(Co	ontinued)
								, ~,	/

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Long-term bonds/notes continued:

	Original	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Outstanding at	Current
	Amount	Date	Date	Rate %	December 31, 2018	Portion
Business-type activities (continued):						
Bonds/notes payable:						
(Majority multi purpose)	\$ 1,294,062	2011	2031	3.55	478,775	30,916
	\$ 4,306,526	2012	2032	2.57-3.18	2,259,960	334,640
	\$ 2,207,000	2013	2033	4.10-5.60	1,635,000	115,000
	\$ 4,369,336	2014	2034	3.392	1,665,796	111,053
	\$ 1,908,801	2016	2036	2.00	1,421,551	-
	\$ 11,541,564	2016	2036	2.00	9,810,326	=
	\$ 1,904,452	2016	2036	2.00	1,301,362	3
	\$ 1,920,000	2017	2036	2.00	1,512,000	84,000
	\$ 200,000	2017	2036	1.96	184,185	8,574
	\$ 4,672,089	2017	2037	2.42	4,204,881	=
	\$ 1,629,000	2018	2038	3.20	1,629,000	84,000
	\$ 1,092,424	2018	2037	2.70	890,557	49,159
Total bonds/notes payable					37,276,397	1,743,844
Bond premium					742,534	54,777
Total					38,018,931	1,798,621
Grand total					\$ 65,042,554	\$ 4,585,371

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds/notes outstanding as of December 31, 2018, including interest payments, are as follows:

Governmental activities:

Fiscal	Year	Ending	

December 31,	Principal	10-	Interest	 Total
2019	\$ 2,707,066	\$	1,030,021	\$ 3,737,087
2020	2,718,413		886,172	3,604,585
2021	2,458,413		737,286	3,195,699
2022	2,322,213		628,940	2,951,153
2023	2,202,213		531,273	2,733,486
2024-2028	8,316,594		1,593,298	9,909,892
2029-2033	3,677,956		528,258	4,206,214
2034-2038	1,566,333		121,999	1,688,332
Totals	\$ 25,969,201	\$	6,057,247	\$ 32,026,448
		-		

Business-type activities:

Fiscal Year Ending

I ibeai i eai Diiaii.B			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 1,743,844	\$ 1,186,242	\$ 2,930,086
2020	2,789,573	1,080,675	3,870,248
2021	2,785,655	982,506	3,768,161
2022	2,757,966	886,462	3,644,428
2023	2,774,108	791,674	3,565,782
2024-2028	11,978,260	2,641,788	14,620,048
2029-2033	8,410,853	1,080,781	9,491,634
2034-2038	4,036,138	214,881	4,251,019
Totals	\$ 37,276,397	\$ 8,865,009	\$ 46,141,406

Accrued Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs – Federal and State laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site after closure. A liability is being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used through the end of the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs has a balance of \$8,753,596 as of December 31, 2018, which is based on 100% usage of the closed unlined landfill, 100% usage of the closed C&D debris landfill, 100% usage of the secured (lined) landfill Phases I and IIa, and 52.9% usage of the secured (lined) landfill Phases IIB and IIC. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2018. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher or lower due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. The City expects to finance the closure and postclosure care costs through contemporaneous setting aside of sufficient amounts in a capital reserve fund.

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CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Bonds/Notes Authorized and Unissued - Bonds and notes authorized and unissued as of December 31, 2018 were as follows:

Per			
City Meeting		Unissued	Responsible
Vote of	Purpose	Amount	Fund
2014	CSO Separation and Utility replacement	\$ 4,370,000	General/water treatment and distribution/sewage collection and disposal
2015	Packard Hill bridge	100,000	General
2015	CSO separation and utility replacement	4,970,000	General/water treatment and distribution/sewage collection and disposal
2016	Combined sewer overflow separation and utility replacement	5,070,000	General/water treatment and distribution/sewage collection and disposal
2017	CSO Separation and Utility replacement	6,300,000	General/water treatment and distribution/sewage collection and disposal
2017	Downtown visioning and tunnel improvements	200,000	General
2018	CSO Separation and Utility replacement	5,350,000	General/water treatment and distribution/sewage collection and disposal
2018	Downtown visioning and tunnel improvements	2,000,000	General
2018	Hillcrest Acres infrastructure construction	200,000	General/water treatment and distribution/sewage collection and disposal
2018	Lebanon Police Department HVAC repair and upgrade	50,000	General
2018	Streets rehabilitation/reconstruction	255,000	General/sewage collection and disposal
		\$ 28,865,000	

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) is a public employee retirement system that administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Pension Plan), a component unit of the State of New Hampshire, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The Pension Plan was established in 1967 by RSA 100-A:2 and is qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Sections 401(a) and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Pension Plan is a contributory, defined benefit plan providing service, disability, death, and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Substantially all full-time State employees, public school teachers and administrators, permanent firefighters, and permanent police officers within the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan. The System issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing the New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301.

Benefits Provided – The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II. All assets are held in a single trust and available to pay retirement benefits to all members.

Group I members at age 60 or 65 (for members who commence service after July 1, 2011) qualify for a normal service retirement allowance based on years of creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when their service commenced. The yearly pension amount is 1/60 or 1.667% of average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by years of creditable service. At age 65, the yearly pension amount is recalculated at 1/66 or 1.515% of AFC multiplied by years of creditable service.

Group II members who are age 60, or members who are at least age 45 with at least 20 years of creditable service, can receive a retirement allowance at a rate of 2.5% of AFC for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 40 years. Members commencing service on or after July 1, 2011 or members who have nonvested status as of January 1, 2012 can receive a retirement allowance at age 52.5 with 25 years of service or age 60. The benefit shall be equal to 2% of AFC times creditable service up to 42.5 years. However, a member who commenced service on or after July 1, 2011 shall not receive a retirement allowance until attaining the age of 52.5, but may receive a reduced allowance after age 50 if the member has at least 25 years of creditable service where the allowance shall be reduced, for each month by which the member attains 52.5 years of age by ½ of 1% or age 60.

Members of both groups may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances, subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

Contributions - The System is financed by contributions from both the employees and the City. Member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the State legislature while employer contribution rates are set by the System trustees based on an actuarial valuation. Group I (employees other than police and fire) members are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation and Group II (police and fire) members contribute 11.55% and 11.80%, respectively. For fiscal year 2018, the City contributed 25.33% for police, 27.79% for fire, and 11.08% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2018 was \$2,181,851, which was paid in full.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$23,995,698 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.50%, which was a decrease of 0.03% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,003,653. At December 31, 2018 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total					
	I	Deferred	Deferred	Г	Deferred	D	eferred	Γ	Deferred		Deferred
	O	utflows of	Inflows of	Οι	utflows of	In	flows of	Οι	utflows of	J	Inflows of
	R	Resources	Resources	R	esources	R	esources	R	esources	J	Resources
Changes in proportion	\$	172,574	\$ 1,028,161	\$	15,986	\$	95,241	\$	188,560	\$	1,123,402
Changes in assumptions		1,519,834	-		140,787		-		1,660,621		-
Net difference between projected and actual											
investment earnings on pension plan investments		<u>=</u>	508,205		7.4		47,076		340		555,281
Differences between expected and actual experience		175,291	177,822		16,238		16,472		191,529		194,294
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		963,702	925		89,270		925		1,052,972		18.1
Total	\$	2,831,401	\$ 1,714,188	\$	262,281	\$	158,789	\$:	3,093,682	\$	1,872,977

The \$1,052,972 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Go	Governmental		siness-type	
December 31,		Activities	A	ctivities	Total
2019	\$	610,768	\$	56,577	\$ 667,345
2020		467,990		43,351	511,341
2021		(654,874)		(60,663)	(715,537)
2022		(270,373)		(25,043)	(295,417)
Totals	\$	153,511	\$	14,222	\$ 167,732

Actuarial Assumptions – The collective total pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions which, accordingly apply to 2018 measurements:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary increases: 5.6% average, including inflation

Wage inflation 3.25%

Investment rate of return: 7.25% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 employee generational mortality tables for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015, based on last experience study.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2018:

		Weighted average long-term
	Target	expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	<u>2018</u>
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	4.25%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	4.50%
Total domestic equity	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	13.00%	4.50%
Emerging Int'l Equities	7.00%	6.00%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core Bonds	4.50%	0.50%
Short Duration	2.50%	(0.25%)
Global Multi-Sector Fixed Income	11.00%	1.80%
Absolute Return Fixed Income	7.00%	1.14%
Total fixed income	25.00%	
Private equity	5.00%	6.25%
Private debt	5.00%	4.25%
Opportunistic	5.00%	2.15%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	3.25%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer service cost contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Employer contributions are determined based on the Pension Plan's actuarial funding policy as required by RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Actuarial							
Valuation	1% Decrease		Rate Assumption		1	% Increase	
Date		6.25%	7.25%		8.25%		
June 30, 2018	\$	29,219,777	\$	21.961.365	\$	15,878,595	
June 30, 2018		2.706.697	,	2.034.333		1,470,872	
	\$	31,926,474	\$	23.995,698	\$	17,349,467	
	Valuation Date June 30, 2018	Valuation Date June 30, 2018 \$	Valuation 1% Decrease Date 6.25% June 30, 2018 \$ 29,219,777 June 30, 2018 2,706,697	Valuation 1% Decrease Rat Date 6.25% ** June 30, 2018 \$ 29,219,777 \$ June 30, 2018 2.706,697 **	Valuation 1% Decrease Rate Assumption Date 6.25% 7.25% June 30, 2018 \$ 29,219,777 \$ 21,961,365 June 30, 2018 2,706,697 2,034,333	Valuation 1% Decrease Rate Assumption 1 Date 6.25% 7.25% June 30, 2018 \$ 29,219,777 \$ 21,961.365 \$ June 30, 2018 2.706,697 2.034.333 \$	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan financial report.

NOTE 17 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

17-A New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS)

Plan Description — The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan medical subsidy healthcare plan (OPEB Plan). For additional system information, please refer to the 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found on the system's website at www.nhrs.org.

Benefits Provide - Benefit amounts and eligibility requirements for the OPEB Plan are set by State law (RSA 100-A:52, RSA 100-A:52-a and RSA 100-A:52-b), and members are designated in statute by type. The four membership types are Group II, Police Officers and Firefighters; Group I, Teachers; Group I, Political Subdivision Employees; and Group I, State Employees. The OPEB Plan provides a medical insurance subsidy to qualified retired members. The medical insurance subsidy is a payment made by NHRS to the former employer or its insurance administrator toward the cost of health insurance for a qualified retiree, his/her qualified spouse, and his/her certified dependent children with a disability who are living in the household and being cared for by the retiree. If the health insurance premium amount is less than the medical subsidy amount, then only the health insurance premium amount exceeds the medical subsidy amount, then the retiree or other qualified person is responsible for paying any portion that the employer does not pay.

Group I benefits are based on creditable service, age and retirement date. Group II benefits are based on hire date, age and creditable service. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants.

Maximum medical subsidy rates paid during fiscal year 2018 were as follows:

For qualified retirees not eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$375.56 for a single-person plan and \$751.12 for a two-person plan.

For those qualified retirees eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$236.84 for a single-person plan and \$473.68 for a two-person plan.

Contributions – The OPEB Plan is funded by allocating to the 401(h) subtrust the lessor of: 25% of all employer contributions made in accordance with RSA 100-A:16 or the percentage of employer contributions determined by the actuary to be the minimum rate necessary to maintain the benefits provided under RSA 100-A:53-b, RSA 100-A:53-c, and RSA 100-A:53-d. For fiscal year 2018, the minimum rates determined by the actuary to maintain benefits were the lesser of the two options and were used to determine the employer contributions due to the 401(h) subtrust. The State Legislature has the authority to establish, amend and discontinue the contribution requirements of the OPEB Plan. Administrative costs are allocated to the OPEB Plan based on fund balances. For fiscal year 2018, the City contributed 4.10% for police and fire, and 0.30% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2018 was \$237,906, which was paid in full.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$2,367,418 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.52% which was an increase of 0.16% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$807,781. At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Changes in proportion	\$ 143,211	\$ -	\$ 13,267	\$ -	\$ 156,478	\$ -	
Net difference between projected and actual							
investment earnings on OPEB plan investments	(-)	6,885		638	¥	7,523	
Differences between expected and actual experience	12,718	~	1,178	E .	13,896	*	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	104,662	20	9,695	≟	114,357		
Total	\$ 260,591	\$ 6,885	\$ 24,140	\$ 638	\$ 284,731	\$ 7,523	

The \$114,357 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB results from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Go	Governmental		iness-type	
December 31,		Activities		ctivities	Total
2019	\$	153,782	\$	14,245	\$ 168,027
2020		(2,148)		(199)	(2,347)
2021		(2,148)		(199)	(2,347)
2022		(442)		(40)	 (482)
Totals	\$	149,044	\$	13,807	\$ 162,851

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 and a measurement date of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Price inflation: 2.5% per year Wage inflation: 3.25% per year

Salary increases: 5.6% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.25% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Health care trend rate: Not applicable, given that the benefits are fixed stipends

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 healthy annuitant and employee generational mortality tables for males and females with credibility adjustments, adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015, based on last experience study.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2018:

		Weighted average long-term
	Target	expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	2018
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	4.25%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	4.50%
Total domestic equity	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	13.00%	4.50%
Emerging Int'l Equities	7.00%	6.00%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core Bonds	4.50%	0.50%
Short Duration	2.50%	(0.25%)
Global Multi-Sector Fixed Income	11.00%	1.80%
Absolute Return Fixed Income	7.00%	1.14%
Total fixed income	25.00%	
Private equity	5.00%	6.25%
Private debt	5.00%	4.25%
Opportunistic	5.00%	2.15%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	3.25%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made under the current statute RSA 100-A:16 and that plan member contributions will be made under RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the City's proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Actuarial			Cı	arrent Single		
	Valuation	19	% Decrease	Rat	e Assumption	1	% Increase
	Date		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Governmental activities	June 30, 2018	\$	2,255,126		2,166,715	\$	1,919,056
Business-type activities	June 30, 2018		208,895		200,703		177,767
		\$	2,464,021	\$	2,367,418	\$	2,096,823

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Assumption – GASB No. 75 requires the sensitivity of the OPEB liability to the healthcare cost trend assumption. Since the medical subsidy benefits are fixed stipends, there is no sensitivity to changes in the healthcare cost trend assumption.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan financial report.

17-B City of Lebanon Retiree Health Benefit Program

Plan Description – GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a payas-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expense on the Statement of Activities when a future retiree earns their postemployment benefits, rather than when they use their postemployment benefit. The postemployment benefit liability is recognized on the Statement of Net Position over time.

Benefits Provided – The City provides postemployment healthcare benefits for certain eligible retirees. The City provides medical benefits to its eligible retirees. The benefits are provided through the New Hampshire Inter-Local Trust.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At January 1, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	62
Active employees	161
Total participants covered by OPEB plan	223

Total OPEB Liability – The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,628,158 was measured as of January 1, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability of \$1,628,158 in the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate:	4.1%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Current Year Trend	8.0%
Second Year Trend	7.5%
Decrement	0.5% - 1.0%
Ultimate Trend	5.0%
Year Ultimate Trend is Reached	2022

The discount rate was based on the index provided by *Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index* based on the 20-year AA municipal bond rate as of December 31, 2018.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 fully generational mortality table with projection scale MP-2017.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-type		
	Activities		Activities		_	Total
OPEB liability beginning of year	\$	1,439,812	\$	253,099	\$	1,692,911
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		47,415		8,335		55,750
Interest		49,885		8,769		58.654
Assumption changes and difference between actual						
and expected experience		(77,548)		(13,633)		(91,181)
Benefit payments		(74,824)		(13, 152)		(87,976)
OPEB liability end of year	\$	1,384,740	\$	243,418	\$	1,628,158

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Sensitivity of the City's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.10% as well as what the City's proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.10%) or 1-percentage point higher (5.10%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate							
Total OPEB Liability	1% Decrease	Baseline 4.10%	1% Increase					
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,504,228	\$ 1,384,740	\$ 1,276,490					
Business-type Activities	264,422	243,418	224,389					
	\$ 1,768,650	\$ 1,628,158	\$ 1,500,879					

Sensitivity of the City's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following table presents the City's OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8.00% in the first year, decreasing in decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2022, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.00% decreasing to 4.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (9.00% decreasing to 6.00%) than the current rate:

	H	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates									
	1% Decrease	Baseline	1% Increase								
	7.00% Year 1	8.00% Year 1	9.00% Year 1								
	Decreasing to	Decreasing to	Decreasing to								
Total OPEB Liability	4.00%	5.00%	6.00%								
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,242,796	\$ 1,384,740	\$ 1,549,881								
Business-type Activities	218,466	243,418	272,448								
	\$ 1,461,262	\$ 1,628,158	\$ 1,822,329								
	-										

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$104,551. At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	То	tal	
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 69,168	\$ -	\$ 12,160	\$ -	\$ 81,327	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	Governmental Activities		iness-type ctivities	Total
2019	\$	(8,380)	\$ (1,473)	\$ (9,853)
2020		(8,380)	(1,473)	(9,853)
2021		(8,380)	(1,473)	(9,853)
2022		(8,380)	(1,473)	(9,853)
2023		(8,380)	(1,473)	(9,853)
Thereafter		(27,268)	 (4,795)	(32,062)
Totals	\$	(69,168)	\$ (12,160)	\$ (81,327)

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 18 – ENCUMBRANCES

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at December 31, 2018 and are as follows:

General fund:	
General government	\$ 680,486
Public safety	109,054
Highways and streets	84,982
Culture and recreation	13,631_
Total encumbrances	\$ 888,153

NOTE 19 – STATE AID TO WATER POLLUTION PROJECTS

The City is due to receive from the State of New Hampshire the following amounts in the form of state aid to water pollution projects:

	Gove	ernmental Activ	ities	Business-type Activities					
Bond Issued	Principal	rincipal Interest		Principal	Interest	Total			
C-769 Wastewater Treatment Facility Upgrade	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 175,329	\$ 29,385	\$ 204,714			
C-844 Wastewater SAG (CSO)	169,557	63,452	233,009	254,336	95,184	349,520			
L-145 Landfill SAG	_		-	48,103	<u> </u>	48,103			
	\$ 169,557	\$ 63,452	\$ 233,009	\$ 477,768	\$ 124,569	\$ 602,337			
		-							

At December 31, 2018, the City is due to receive the following annual amounts to offset debt payments of both governmental and business-type activities:

Fiscal Year Ending		Gov	ernm	ental Activ	ities		Business-type Activities							
December 31.	Pr	incipal	I	nterest		Total	P	Principal		Interest		Total		
2019	\$	6,362	\$	4,586	\$	10,948	\$	41,851	\$	12,757	\$	54,608		
2020		7,145		5,560		12,705		42,491		13,565		56,056		
2021		8,764		5,882		14,646		44,385		13,394		57,779		
2022		8,750		5,548		14,298		43,829		12,241		56,070		
2023		8,689		5,215		13,904		32,514		11,088		43,602		
2024-2028		43,655		20,714		64,369		143,408		37,601		181,009		
2029-2033		42,616		11,761		54,377		63,925		17,642		81,567		
2034-2038		35,414		4,016		39,430		53,121		6,025		59,146		
2039-2041		8,162		170		8,332		12,244		256		12,500		
Totals	\$ 1	169,557	\$	63,452	\$	233,009	\$	477,768	_\$	124,569	\$	602,337		

NOTE 20 – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION

Governmental activities net position reported on the Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2018 include the following:

	G	overnmental Activities	Е	Business-type Activities	Total		
Net investment in capital assets: Net book value, all capital assets		87,124,484	\$	97,991,984	\$	185,116,468	
Less:							
General obligation bonds payable		(25,969,201)		(37,276,397)		(63,245,598)	
Unamortized bond premiums		(1,054,422)		(742,534)		(1,796,956)	
Capital leases payable		(296,523)		121		(296,523)	
Total net investment in capital assets	-	59.804.338		59,973,053		119.777,391	
					-	(Continued)	

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Governmental activities net position continued:

Governmental	Business-type	Total
Activities	Activities	Total
20	3,496,912	3,496,912
189,827	(*)	189,827
1,363,052		1,363,052
:=0	501,944	501,944
- 180	46,267	46,267
1,552,879	4,045,123	5,598,002
(13,134,688)	325,816	(12,808,872)
\$ 48,222,529	\$ 64,343,992	\$ 112,566,521
	189,827 1,363,052 1,552,879 (13,134,688)	Activities Activities - 3,496,912 189,827 - 1,363,052 - 501,944 - 46,267 - 1,552,879 - 4,045,123 - (13,134,688) - 325,816

NOTE 21 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2018 include the following:

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund]	Nonmajor Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Nonspendable:					7			
Prepaid items	\$	347,510	\$	27	\$	<u>2</u>	\$	347,510
Tax deeded property		46,322		- 5		¥		46,322
Permanent fund - principal balance		•		<u></u>		1,363,052		1,363,052
Total nonspendable fund balance		393,832		= =		1,363,052	-	1,756,884
Restricted:						160		
Heritage fund - donations		25,000		#:		~		25,000
Public library				•		189,827		189,827
Total restricted fund balance		25,000		-1,		189,827		214,827
Committed:					-			
Expendable trust		375,457		41		¥		375,457
Heritage fund		7,063		15		끝		7,063
Police public safety revolving		-		· ·		160,512		160,512
Lebanon open space		-		.5		674,463		674,463
Fire public safety revolving		3.5°C).75		14,194		14,194
Recreation revolving				183		93,977		93,977
Total committed fund balance		382,520		285		943,146		1,325,666
Assigned:								
Encumbrances		888,153		10#3		×		888,153
Abatements		600,000		0.40		¥		600,000
Grants		15,909		YŒ!		2		15,909
Restricted funds		308,595		V24		100		308,595
Emergency management		70,480		'€		8		70,480
Farmers market		¥.		-		772		772
Total assigned fund balance	-	1,883,137		0,51		772		1.883.909
Unassigned (deficit):	-							
General fund		11,523,314		((.)		#		11,523,314
CDBG fund (deficit)		(434)				(1)		(434)
Capital improvements (deficit)		3#3		(860,324)		**)		(860,324)
Total unassigned fund balance (deficit)		11,522,880		(860,324)		÷.		10,662,556
Total governmental fund balances	\$	14,207,369	\$	(860,324)	\$	2,496,797	\$	15,843,842

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 22 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Net position at January 1, 2018 was restated to give retroactive effect to the following prior period adjustments:

To restate for the cumulative changes related to implementation of GASB No. 75, see Note 2-D Net position, as previously reported Net position, as restated

	Government-wide Statements											
G	overnmental	В	usiness-type									
_	Activities		Activities	Total								
\$	(1,508,866)	\$	(156,800)	\$	(1,665,666)							
	47,712,469		61,899,406		109,611,875							
\$	46,203,603	\$	61,742,606	\$	107,946,209							

To restate for the cumulative changes related to implementation of GASB No. 75, see Note 2-D Net position, as previously reported Net position, as restated

	Proprietary Funds											
	Sewage		Solid		Water							
	Collection		Waste	Tı	reatment and	Municipal						
a	and Disposal Disposal		I	Distribution	Airport							
\$	(59,957)	\$	(52,933)	\$	(23,847)	\$	(20,063)					
	27,071,837		13,146,244		13,460,019		8,221,306					
\$	27,011,880	\$	13,093,311	\$	13,436,172	\$	8,201,243					

NOTE 23 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. During fiscal year 2018, the City was a member of the New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability programs.

The Primex³ Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability programs are pooled risk management programs under RSAs 5-B and 281-A. Coverage was provided from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018 by Primex³, which retained \$1,000,000 of each workers' compensation loss, \$500,000 of each liability loss, and \$200,000 of each property loss. The Board has decided to self-insure the aggregate exposure and has allocated funds based on actuarial analysis for that purpose. The workers' compensation section of the self-insurance membership agreement permits Primex³ to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in contributions for any member year, not to exceed the member's annual contribution. GASB Statement No. 10 requires members of a pool with a sharing risk to disclose if such an assessment is probable, and a reasonable estimate of the amount, if any. At this time, Primex³ foresees no likelihood of any additional assessment for this or any prior year.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 24 – CAFETERIA BENEFIT PLAN

Effective July 1, 1991, the City implemented a cafeteria benefit plan pursuant to Section 125 of the IRS code. Under this plan, eligible employees may direct a contribution, made by the City, into any combination of the following benefit categories:

- 1. Premium Conversion Benefit for Group Medical and Dental Plans;
- 2. Healthcare Flexible Spending Account; or
- 3. Dependent Care Reimbursement Account

In addition to directing the City's contribution to the above categories, eligible employees may elect to contribute pre-tax dollars to these categories. Under no circumstances may an employee direct more than \$2,650 annually into the Healthcare Flexible Spending Account or \$5,000 annually into the Dependent Care Reimbursement Account. This cap applies to both City contributions and employee pre-tax contributions. There are no limits on contributions to the Premium Conversion Benefit for Group Medical and Dental Plans.

All regular full-time and part-time employees employed on a regular and continuous basis, including certain contractual employees, are eligible to participate in this plan. Temporary and casual employees are not eligible. The plan year adopted by the City begins on January 1 and ends on December 31. To obtain reimbursement of expenses incurred within a plan year within the spending accounts (items 2 and 3 above), employees must submit claims within 90 days of the end of the plan year or separation of service from the City, whichever occurs first. Funds unclaimed after 90 days of the close of the plan year are then remitted to the City.

NOTE 25 - SECURITY AGREEMENT

The City entered a security agreement with Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center (DHMC) on May 17, 2013. The purpose of the agreement is to finance the possible future expansion of the City sewer system to the DHMC properties. Under the agreement, DHMC established an escrow account in the amount of \$475,000. At December 31, 2017, the balance in the escrow account was \$549,724. The City may only access these funds if certain terms in the security agreement are met related to the expansion of services. If no action is taken, the security agreement will expire after ten years.

NOTE 26 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are various legal claims and suits pending against the City which arose in the normal course of the government's activities. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these various claims and suits will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act as amended. Accordingly, the government's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the government anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 27 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued. Recognized subsequent events are events or transactions that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. Nonrecognized subsequent events are events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date, but arose after the date. Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 10, 2020, the date the December 31, 2018 financial statements were available to be issued, and the following event was identified:

On May 10, 2018, the City entered a lease-purchase agreement totaling \$341,116 for a three year lease-purchase of eight new police vehicles.

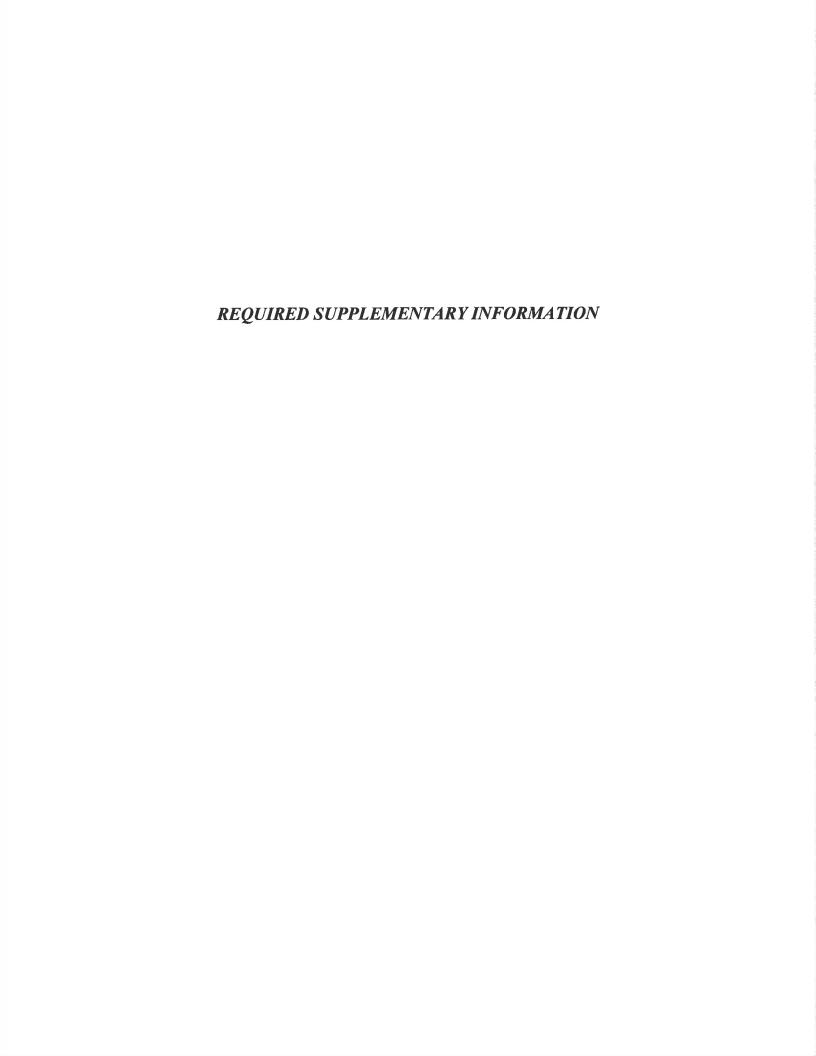


EXHIBIT G CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	December 31,											
		2013		2014	2014 2015		2016		2017		2018	
City's: Proportion of the net pension liability	> !	0.54%	ēi .	0.52%		0.52%		0.52%		0.53%		0.50%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	23,325,532	\$	19,345,430	\$	20,607,815	\$	27,786,081	\$	25,878,401	\$	23,995,698
Covered payroll	\$	11,097,378	\$	10,876,951	\$	11,206,359	\$	11,555,902	\$	12,700,824	\$	11,902,341
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		210.19%		177.86%		183.89%		240.45%		203.75%		201.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.81%		66.32%		65.47%		58.30%		62.66%		64.73%

EXHIBIT H CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of City Contributions - Pensions

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

					Decem	ber	31,			
	2013	_	2014		2015		2016	Ξ	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,347,646	\$	1,672,029	\$	1,745,205	\$	1,871,074	\$	1,927,693	\$ 2,106,239
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	 (1,347,646)	,	(1,672,029)		(1,745,205)		(1,871,074)		(1,927,693)	 (2,106,239)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	9	\$	(9)	\$	150	\$		\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 11,097,378	\$	10,876,951	\$	11,206,359	\$	11,555,902	\$	12,700,824	\$ 11,902,341
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.14%		15.37%		15.57%		16.19%		15.18%	17.70%

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of City Contributions - Pensions

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Exhibits G and H represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the City's pension plan at December 31, 2018. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates for Fiscal Year 2018:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage-of-Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 21 years beginning July 1, 2018 (30 years beginning July 1, 2009)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smooth market for funding purposes

Price Inflation 2.5% per year Wage Inflation 3.25% per year

Salary Increases 5.6% Average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.62% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.25% per year, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2015.

Mortality RP-2014 Employee generational mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality

improvements using Scale MP -2015, based in the last experience study.

Other Information:

Notes Contribution rates for fiscal year 2018 were determined based on the benefit changes adopted

under House Bill No. 2 as amended by 011-2513-CofC.

EXHIBIT I CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability
New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	December 31,					
	=	2016		2017	_	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.35%		0.36%		0.52%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,695,898	\$	1,629,045	\$	2,367,418
City's covered payroll	\$	11,555,902	\$	12,700,824	\$	11,902,341
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		14.68%		12.83%		19.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		5.21%		7.91%		7.53%

The Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Other Postemployment Benefit Liability is an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT J CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of City Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits

New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	December 31,							
		2016		2017	-	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	203,555	\$	211,169	\$	228,719		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(203,555)		(211,169)	y <u>-</u>	(228,719)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u></u>	\$		\$			
City's covered payroll	\$	11,555,902	\$	12,700,824	\$	11,902,341		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.76%		1.66%		1.92%		

EXHIBIT K

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios Retiree Health Benefit Program

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	December 31, 2018
OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$ 1,692,911
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	55,750
Interest	58,654
Assumption changes and difference between actual	
and expected experience	(91,181)
Benefit payments	(87,976)
OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 1,628,158
Covered payroll	\$ 8,170,172
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	19.93%

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Schedule of City Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibits I and J represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the City's other postemployment benefits at December 31, 2018. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

There were no changes to benefit terms or assumptions in the current actuarial valuation report.

Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage-of-Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period Not applicable under statutory funding
Asset Valuation Method 5-year smooth market: 20% corridor

Price Inflation 2.5% per year Wage Inflation 3.25% per year

Salary Increases 5.6% Average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.62% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.25% per year, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation for determining

solvency contributions

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2015.

Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant and Employee generational mortality tables for males and

females with credibility adjustments, adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements

using Scale MP-2015, based on the last experience study.

Schedule of Changes in City's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibit K represents the actuarial determined costs associated with the City's other postemployment benefits at December 31, 2018. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Assumptions and Methodology

Economic Assumptions:

Discount Rate A discount rate of 4.10% was used as of December 31, 2018. The discount rate was based

on the Bond Buyer's 20 Bond Index.

Mortality Rate: RP-2014 fully generation mortality table with projection scale MP-2017.

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Health Care Trend Rate

It was assumed that health care costs would increase in accordance with the trend rates in the following table:

Year	Current Valuation	Prior Valuation
2018	8.0%	7.0%
2019	7.5%	6.0%
2020	7.0%	5.0%
2021	6.0%	5.0%
2022+	5.0%	5.0%

Participation Rate

Percent Married

Actuarial Value of Assets

Per Capita Costs

It was assumed that 40% of the current active employees covered under the active plan on the day before retirement would enroll in the retiree medical plan upon retirement.

It was assumed that 40% of employees who elect retiree health care coverage for themselves would also elect coverage for their spouse upon retirement. It was assumed that male spouses are three years older than their wives and female spouses are three years younger than the retiree. For current retirees, actual census information was used.

N/A

Per Capita Claim Costs prior to age 65 were developed by applying morbidity aging factors to the average premium rates reflecting the demographic characteristics of the insured group. Below are the annual per capita claim costs used:

Age	Male	Female
55	11,198	11,620
56	11,647	11,820
57	12,110	12,020
58	12,559	12,317
59	13,022	12,628
60	13,505	12,946
61	14,003	13,264
62	14,521	13,595
63	14,797	13,858
64	15,080	14,120

Administrative Expense

Included in the premiums used

Participant Salary Increases

3.50% annually.

Payroll Growth Rate

2.50% annually.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

Taxes:	Estimated	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
	¢ 20.262.954	\$ 20.495.506	\$ 232,652			
Property	\$ 20,262,854	*,,	*			
Yield	5,000	44,704	39,704			
Excavation	5,000	7,170	2,170			
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,596,500	1,698,219	101,719			
Interest and penalties on taxes	170,000	160,157	(9,843)			
Total from taxes	22,039,354	22,405,756	366,402			
Licenses, permits, and fees:						
Motor vehicle permit fees	2,354,700	2,677,997	323,297			
Building permits	250,000	533,526	283,526			
Other	55,730	62,608	6,878			
Total from licenses, permits, and fees	2,660,430	3,274,131	613,701			
Intergovernmental: State: Meals and rooms distribution Highway block grant Water pollution grants Other Federal: FEMA	700,607 326,034 8,596 44,039	700,607 325,849 8,596 44,144 77,989	(185) 			
Other	379,020	270,496	(108,524)			
Total from intergovernmental	1,458,296	1,427,681	(30,615)			
			(**,***)			
Charges for services: Income from departments	1,346,150	1,547,893	201,743			
Miscellaneous:						
Sale of municipal property	2,000	160,826	158,826			
Interest on investments	110,000	143,120	33,120			
Other	299,300	296,282	(3,018)			
Total from miscellaneous	411,300	600,228	188,928			
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	1,628,110	1,662,102	33,992			
Total revenues and other financing sources	29,543,640	\$ 30,917,791	\$ 1,374,151			
Amounts voted from fund balance	1,194,730					
Total revenues, other financing sources, and use of fund balance	\$ 30,738,370					

SCHEDULE 2 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Encumbered from Prior Year	Ap	propriations		cumbered ubsequent Year		Variance Positive Negative)	
Current:								
General government:								
Executive	\$ 74,216	\$	706,560	\$ 597,687	\$	85,768	\$	97,321
Election and registration	. 2 8		616,550	572,774		5,269		38,507
Financial administration	68,611		2,830,780	2,606,361		195,609		97,421
Legal	.=0		300,000	672,369		106		(372,369)
Personnel administration	955		522,720	448,702		40,888		34,085
Planning and zoning	72,880		689,500	659,815		61,076		41,489
General government buildings	22,150		341,550	320,687		291,876		(248,863)
Cemeteries	20		52,340	25,595		1/2/		26,745
Insurance, not otherwise allocated	-		239,020	206,068		-		32,952
Advertising and regional associations	30		21,710	21,710				•
Other			235,380	235,380				1,50
Total general government	238,812		6,556,110	6,367,148		680,486		(252,712)
Public safety:								
Police	16,266		5,812,390	5,413,408		81,056		334,192
Fire	29,218		4,671,100	4,566,178		27,998		106,142
Building inspection	27,210		485,830	481,190		21,550		4,640
Other	57)		979,580	960,537		1/2		19,043
Total public safety	45,484	-	11,948,900	11,421,313	-	109,054	-	464,017
•	13,101	e 	11,5 10,500	11,121,313		100,001	-	101,017
Highways and streets:								
Administration	-		865,000	786,323		4,776		73,901
Highways and streets	24,202		2,538,540	2,388,366		66,398		107,978
Bridges	-		3,500	Ħ		-		3,500
Street lighting	3		151,860	154,244		*		(2,384)
Other	30,473		149,250	135,998	o 	13,808		29,917
Total highways and streets	54,675	(c)	3,708,150	3,464,931	-	84,982		212,912
Welfare:								
Administration and direct assistance	<u>=</u>		257,110	193,628		549		63,482
Vendor payments and other	4		259,530	259,530		12		350
Total welfare			516,640	453,158				63,482
	-				-			
Culture and recreation:	1.520		007.540	006 617		1.056		(2.405)
Parks and recreation	1,538		997,540	996,617		4,956		(2,495)
Library	-		1,368,420	1,336,140		8,675		23,605
Patriotic purposes	1.520	.—	8,500	6,100		12 (21		2,400
Total culture and recreation	1,538	-	2,374,460	2,338,857	-	13,631		23,510
Conservation	<u> </u>	ē	10,070	9,020	co 			1,050
Debt service:								
Principal of long-term debt	=		2,648,060	2,680,813		-		(32,753)
Interest on long-term debt	- 2		1,024,360	1,038,170		I#	_	(13,810)
Total debt service	12		3,672,420	3,718,983	24	•		(46,563)
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out	<u> </u>	-	1,951,620	1,976,277	-			(24,657)
Total appropriations, expenditures, other financing uses, and encumbrances	\$ 340,509	\$	30,738,370	\$ 29,749,687	\$	888,153	_\$_	441,039

SCHEDULE 3 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Major General Fund

Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

Unassigned fund balance, beginning (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)								
Changes: Amounts voted from fund balance	(1,194,730)							
2018 Budget summary: Revenue surplus (Schedule 1) Unexpended balance of appropriations (Schedule 2) 2018 Budget surplus \$ 1,374,151 441,039	1,815,190							
Increase in nonspendable fund balance Decrease in assigned fund balance (non-encumbrance)	(4,650) 420,000							
Unassigned fund balance, ending (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Reconciliation on Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis	11,676,062							
To record deferred property taxes not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year-end, not recognized on a budgetary basis	(402,748)							
Elimination of the allowance for uncollectible taxes	250,000							
Fund deficit of blended CDBG fund Unassigned fund balance, ending, GAAP basis (Exhibit C-1)	(434) \$ 11,522,880							

SCHEDULE 4

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

December 31, 2018

		Special Revenue Funds												
		Poli	ce Public	Lebanon	F	Fire Public								
	Public	olic Sa		Open		Safety		Farmers		ecreation	Permanent			
	Library	Re	volving	Space	R	Revolving		arket	Revolving		Fund			Total
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 184,924	\$	150,932	\$ 674,463	\$	12,432	\$	772	\$	94,817	\$	60,392	\$	1,178,732
Investments	5.46			(m)						*		1,358,702		1,358,702
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectable	1044		9,580	⊕ .		1,762		100		4		₹		11,342
Interfund receivable	4,903	_		:=0				· · ·	_	2	_		_	4,903
Total assets	\$ 189,827	\$	160,512	\$ 674,463	\$	14,194	S	772	_\$_	94,817	\$	1,419,094	\$	2,553,679
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	\$	542	\$ -	\$	**	\$		\$	840	\$	12	\$	840
Interfund payable			120	==\/		===		1/25		<u> </u>		56,042		56,042
Total liabilities	12/		120			•			_	840	-	56,042	-	56,882
Fund balances:														
Nonspendable	923		160	727		:=:		~		8		1,363,052		1,363,052
Restricted	189,827		23	-		•		% €		9				189,827
Committed			160,512	674,463		14,194		9 .2 2		93,977		4,51		943,146
Assigned	<u> </u>		171					772		75		151		772
Total fund balances	189,827		160,512	674,463	_	14,194		772		93,977		1,363,052		2,496,797
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 189,827	\$	160,512	\$ 674,463	\$	14,194	\$	772	\$	94,817	\$	1,419,094	\$	2,553,679

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SCHEDULE 5 CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

					Sp	ecial Reven	ue Fi	unds							
		Police Public			Lebanon Fire Public										
	Pub	olic		Safety		Open		Safety	Farmers		Recreation		Permanent		
	Libi	ary	R	evolving	_	Space	Re	evolving	Mark	et	Revolving		Fund	_	Total
Revenues:															
Taxes	\$	(8)	\$	50	\$	18,594	\$	=	\$	75	\$ -	\$	3.0	\$	18,594
Charges for services		100		335,753				93,930		•	157,350		(SE)		587,033
Miscellaneous	6	0,313		ŝ		6,144		-	16,0	74_	- 8		(29,516)		53,015
Total revenues	6	0,313		335,753	_	24,738		93,930	16,0	74	157,350	_	(29,516)	_	658,642
Expenditures:															
Current:															
General government		**		€		3		=		25	<u>=</u>		8,315		8,315
Public safety		120		280,070				97,563		70	5.		()		377,633
Culture and recreation	5:	5,716		*				¥	18,4	11	148,062		2€		222,189
Conservation		(2)		2		200		2		2	ě		缓		200
Total expenditures	5.	5,716)	280,070	_	200		97,563	18,4	11	148,062	_	8,315	_	608,337
Excess (deficiency) of revenues															
over (under) expenditures	-	4,597		55,683	_	24,538	-	(3,633)	(2,3	37)	9,288	-	(37,831)	_	50,305
Other financing sources (uses):															
Transfers in	2	8,510		9		1,050		2		-	3		498		30,058
Transfers out	_	(E)								75			(25,262)		(25,262)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2	8,510			_	1,050				<u> </u>		_	(24,764)	_	4,796
Net change in fund balances	3.	3,107		55,683		25,588		(3,633)	(2,3	37)	9,288		(62,595)		55,101
Fund balances, beginning	150	6,720		104,829		648,875	1.	17,827	3,1	09	84,689		1,425,647		2,441,696
Fund balances, ending	\$ 18	9,827	\$	160,512	\$	674,463	\$	14,194	\$ 7	72	\$ 93,977	\$	1,363,052	\$	2,496,797

SINGLE AUDIT ACT SCHEDULES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



PLODZIK & SANDERSON

Professional Association/Accountants & Auditors

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the City Council City of Lebanon Lebanon, New Hampshire

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lebanon, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lebanon's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Lebanon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lebanon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lebanon's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination or deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lebanon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 10, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the City Council City of Lebanon Lebanon, New Hampshire

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Lebanon's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City of Lebanon's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2018. The City of Lebanon's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City of Lebanon's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Lebanon's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Lebanon's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Lebanon complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Lebanon is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Lebanon's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lebanon's internal control over compliance.

City of Lebanon

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

& SANDERSON

Professional Association

January 10, 2020

SCHEDULE I CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial st Unmodified	atements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAF
Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesX_ no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major fed	eral programs: Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	I in yesX no
Identification of major federal programs:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
14.228 Con	nmunity Development Block Grant/State's Program
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	x yes no

<u>SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS</u>

NONE

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

NONE

SCHEDULE II CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Passed Through the New Hampshire Community Development Finance Authority	_			
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program: River Valley Community College/RVCC Business and Industry Training Center TPHT/Tracy Street Project PROGRAM TOTAL	14.228 14.228	15-094-CDED 17-094-CDHS	\$ - 380,000 380,000	\$ 1,000 385,446 386,446
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
Passed Through the New Hampshire Department of Cultural Resources				
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	- 15.904	CLG-P17AS00072-05	-	15,813
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed Through the New Hampshire Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program: Reconstruct, Mark, Light, and Sign a Portion of Taxiways 'B,' 'B1,' 'B2,' B3,' and 'B4'	20.106	AIP #3-33-0010-53-2016	2	27,844
Improve Terminal Building - Terminal Area Improvements to Comply with	20.104	ATD 1/2 00 0010 54 0015		40.042
ADA Requirements Remove Obstructions - Relocate Portion of the Perimeter Fence and	20.106	AIP #3-33-0010-54-2017	2	48,243
Construct Vehicle Service Road	20.106	AIP #3-33-0010-55-2017	**	26,761
Improve Runway 18/36 Safety Area - Phase 1, Preliminary Design (Data Collection and Conceptual Engineering) PROGRAM TOTAL	20.106	AIP #3-33-0010-57-2017		104,584 207,432
Highway Planning and Construction: South Main Street Bridge Lahaye Drive Pedestrian/Bike Improvements PROGRAM TOTAL	20.205 20.205	13558A 41366		3,162 25,293 28,455
Passed Through the New Hampshire Department of Safety	_			
HIGHWAY SAFETY CLUSTER	Total Control of the			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	315-18B-090	=	9,963
National Priority Safety Program: Lebanon Distracted Driving Patrols Lebanon DWI Patrols CLUSTER TOTAL	20.616 20.616	318-18B-040 308-18B-074	*	4,595 4,543 19,101
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed Through the National Association of County and City Health Officials				
Medical Reserve Corps Small Grant Program	93.008	MRC 12 1776		1,149
Passed Through the Vermont Department of Health	_			
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	03420-6638S	<u> </u>	17,659
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Passed Through the New Hampshire Department of Safety	_			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters): July 2013 Severe Storms Severe Weather August 2017 PROGRAM TOTAL	97.036 97.036	FEMA-4139-DR-NH FEMA-4329-DR-NH		9,529 68,460 77,989 (Continued)

SCHEDULE II (continued) CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's	Passed Through to	Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Homeland Security Grant Program:				
Warm Zone Equipment	97.067	N/A	=	5,996
Fire Training	97.067	N/A	π.	5,661
PROGRAM TOTAL			π:	11,657
DIRECT FUNDING				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A		2,700
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	N/A	<u> </u>	80,561
Body Worm Camera Policy Implementation	16.835	N/A		18,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
SAFER Grant - DHHS	97.083	N/A	2	128,258
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 380,000	\$ 995,220

CITY OF LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the City of Lebanon under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Lebanon, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City of Lebanon.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The City of Lebanon has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.